The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XIII. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1901. NO. 6

LOCAL NOTES.

—There will be no preaching in the U. B. church next Sunday.

—Just received 1200 bushels corn ears. B. O'Connor & Sons.

—W. W. Brumbaugh, of Kipple, was a Sunday visitor to Mapleton.

—Trolley cars are now running between Lewistown and Reedsville.

—Paints, linseed oil, white lead, glass, putty, etc., at B. O'Connor & Sons'.

—Rev. W. H. Norcross will preach in the M. E. church next Sunday evening.

—S. S. Taylor arrived in Mapleton from McKee's Rocks last week and will spend some time among the scenes of earlier life.

—Preaching in the Presbyterian church next Sabbath evening at 7.30 o'clock by Rev. W. H. Vermer, of North Platte, Nebraska.

—Try the new remedy for costiveness, Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Every box guaranteed. Price, 25 cents. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

—April is usually a month of showers but the rainfall throughout Pennsylvania during the month just closed has been far in excess of that of any other April for many years.

—The round house of the Pennsylvania and Northwestern railroad at Punxsutawney was destroyed by fire about midnight Sunday night. One engine was also destroyed.

—J. S. Blair, esq., of Washington, D. C., Hon. E. Eichelberger, of Saxon, and G. C. Eichelberger, of Hopewell, were transacting business in Mapleton last Wednesday. Mr. Blair was at one time a prominent figure in Huntingdon county politics but weightier matters now engross his attention.

—In the vicinity of some premises in this place the accumulated filth and refuse of the winter months is still visible. If contagion results from these breeding places of diseases and death ensues don't send any notices around to this office blaming it on the dispensation of Providence. Better clean up.

—Snyder county has a man who admits that his wife is smarter than he and his neighbors talk of exhibiting him. David understood human nature when he indited, "All men are liars," even if he did say it in haste. If all men told the truth lots of them would make a similar admission to that of the Snyder county freak.

—James McCurdy, of Osceola, has been spending the past week among friends in Mapleton and Lewistown. James is a Mapleton boy who attends strictly to business and prospers accordingly. He has invested extensively in real estate in and around Osceola, at Tyrone and in Mapleton. We were favored with a call from him.

—Miss Florence Newman, who has been a great sufferer from muscular rheumatism, says Chamberlain's Pain Balm is the only remedy that affords her relief. Miss Newman is a much respected resident of the village of Gray, N. Y., and makes this statement for the benefit of others similarly afflicted. This liniment is for sale by J. G. Gillam.

—The railroad grading at Mill Creek and between Mapleton and Mount Union progresses rapidly. In many places in the Narrows the entire bed of the old canal has been covered and in a few days more no sign of that famous water route will be visible at that point. Two new engines were received at Jackstown last week. One of these has been designated as the Wayne, No. 9, and the other Mapleton, No. 12.

—An adjourned meeting of Huntingdon Presbytery will be held at Tyrone, May 8th, for the purpose of dissolving the pastoral relation of Rev. H. H. Henry and the Birmingham and Warriorsmark churches and dismissing him to the Newark Presbytery. Rev. Henry has been pastor of the churches at Birmingham and Warriorsmark for nearly twelve years and has been popular among the people of that section.

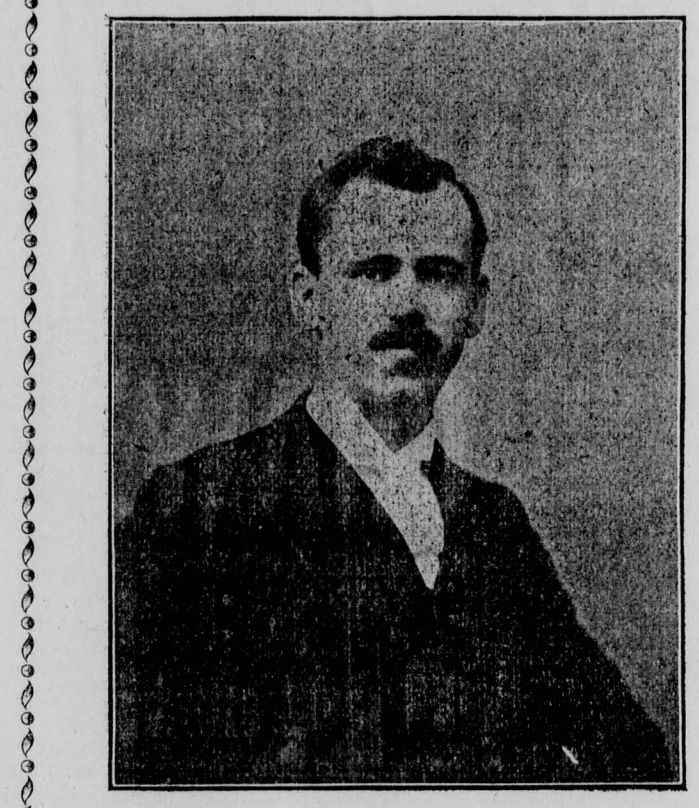
Additional Locals on 5th Page.

A Useful Life Ended.

As stated in the ITEM last week, Rev. Henry Treverton died at his home in Mapleton at 12.30 o'clock Wednesday morning, April 24, 1901.

About one year ago he felt the presence of a growth along the glands of the right side of the neck. It was supposed to be a glandular affection and did not in the least interfere with his health and there was an absence of pain. These swellings continued to increase in size and his friends urged him to consult a specialist. He was of the opinion that there was no occasion for alarm and the latter part of August, 1900, he and his wife went to Carlisle to visit parents and friends and also spent a few days at the home of her father near Eshcol, Perry county. While on this trip his right eye became affected. He continued his pastoral work until after the middle of October but the continued inflation of the glands and eye alarmed him to such an extent that the latter part of October he was induced to go to the Jefferson Medical hospital for an examination. After a thorough diagnosis of the case the physicians pronounced the ailment a sarcoma back of the right cheek bone near the right eye. At the time they decided to perform an operation for the removal of the cancerous growth. He at once returned home to arrange matters for the operation and November 5th he and his wife returned to Philadelphia. On Friday, November 9th he was prepared for the operation. His head, eye brows and moustache were shaved clean and he was on the table ready for the ordeal when another and more critical examination was held. The physicians then conveyed to him the sad intelligence that it was useless to operate on him. They told him that nothing could be done for him; to go home and make himself as comfortable as possible. Mr. and Mrs. Treverton then returned to Carlisle. In a letter to the editor of the ITEM on Monday, November 12th he stated it was his intention to return to Philadelphia that week to consult other authorities. He further said, "My face is not yet painful. My teeth have a little pain sometimes but that may come from a cold which I now have. It seems strange that it glands all over my body are affected by something as poisonous as they claim this cancer to be that I am not a wreck and broken down. If it should not be malignant then it ought to yield to treatment. Of course, we do not know all things. I want to do what I can and leave results with God." At that time he was not convinced that the malady was a cancer. He did not, however, make another trip to Philadelphia but put his case in the hands of a specialist who had been successful in treating cancers of a malignant type. This specialist frankly told him at the outset that if his treatment did not prove helpful in a certain time he would so inform him. In a few weeks the specialist notified him that the treatment would not cure him. December 23d he and his wife went to Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, to consult the skilled men of that institution. They gave him no encouragement and the same day he and Mrs. Treverton returned to Carlisle. About January 8th they went to New York to consult another specialist of whom they had heard favorable reports. They decided to give this treatment a trial although they were advised to look for no improvement in the first three months. They again returned to Carlisle and January 29th came to their home in Mapleton. Since his return to this place Rev. Treverton has continued the New York treatment but to all it was apparent that he was gradually growing weaker and that the end was not far off.

The evening before his death the first quarterly conference of this charge was being held in the M. E. church. His thoughts evidently dwelt upon this gathering. After the adjournment of the conference, two of the official members, Alfred Brumbaugh and R. N. McCarl, called to see him. As they were about to depart he suggested that they have a word of prayer before dismissal. The family and friends assembled supposed he intended asking one of the brethren to lead in prayer. Instead, however, he commenced praying in his usual rich, clear voice. Those present say they never heard a more fervent appeal, nor a more intelligent prayer. It was very appropriate to the closing of the session of the quarterly conference. Not long after this Mrs. Treverton made some remark to which he replied, "Good Night." This was about 9.30 o'clock and in three hours after his spirit took its flight. The end was calm and peaceful.



REV. HENRY TREVERTON.

Rev. Treverton was a son of Mr. and Mrs. William Treverton and was born in Misterhult Parish, Sweden, September 9, 1866, hence was aged 34 years, 7 months and 15 days. When he was between three and four years of age his parents started for America but the mother not being in good health she and Henry stopped in England, the father continuing the journey to this country. In 1872 the mother and child followed and the reunited family settled at Tatesville, Bedford county. The father being an intelligent man provided for the liberal education of his children and Henry and the other children were given private instruction under a governess and under Prof. Potts. Subsequently he entered the Everett high school, from which he graduated. He then entered Williamsport Dickinson Seminary from which institution he graduated in the class of 1887. He taught school one year at Defiance, Bedford county. Early in life he felt impelled to preach the gospel and in 1889 he was appointed by the presiding elder junior preacher at Port Royal. The Port Royal quarterly conference recommended his admission to the annual conference and he was admitted to the Central Pennsylvania Conference in 1890 at Carlisle, Bishop Foster presiding. March 13, 1892, he was ordained deacon at York by Bishop Andrews and March 18, 1894, he was ordained elder by Bishop Hurst in Ridge Avenue church, Harrisburg. The conference was being held at the Fifth Street church that year but the ordination service was held in Ridge Avenue church. In 1890, 1891 and 1892 he was appointed to the Burnt Cabins charge. He served Thompsontown charge 1893, 1894 and 1895. In 1896 he was appointed to the Mapleton and Mill Creek charge and he continued in this pastorate for five years. At the session of the conference held at Chambersburg last month owing to his affliction he was placed on the supernumerary list. June 29, 1897, he was united in marriage to Miss LuLu J. Hench, of Eshcol, Perry county, who survives him. To them one son was born who died March 24, 1899. He is survived by his father, William Treverton, and step-mother, of Carlisle, two sisters, and three brothers. They are Mrs. William Pettigrew, of Ivanhoe, Virginia, Miss Lucy, of Carlisle, William, of Chattanooga, Tennessee, Stephen, a student at Blacksburg (Va.) college, and Ray, of Carlisle.

The death of Rev. Treverton removes from the sphere of active usefullness a man of strong courage, fervent piety, lofty devotion and pure motives. Though dead, he still lives. In the few years he dwelt in this community he made an impress for good which will not be easily obliterated. Seed has been sown for the Master which will yield a rich harvest in eternity. He made no compromises with evil. When he was convinced that a thing was wrong he sought no subterfuges for concealing his convictions but boldly, yet lovingly, denounced it. He was true to his trust. Toward all men he was cordial and his daily walk and conversation were such as made him a living epistle of his profession. From early boyhood, those who have known him say he started life with a fixed purpose to do right and neither the turmoils of school days nor the struggles of active conflict with life could swerve him from this purpose. No improper act, no imprudence has ever been whispered against him. His life was clean. As a preacher he was strong in the pulpit, apt in illustration, vivid in description and forceful in utterance. He loved the souls of men. Among the younger men of the Central Pennsylvania conference he ranked high and several times he was offered charges which would be much more remunerative, financially, than this. He declined to accept them on the ground that he believed he could better do the Master's will here. In pastoral work he was equally strong and no need, no affliction appealed to him in vain. In his private life he was one of the most affectionate, most considerate and most cheerful men we have ever known. We knew him intimately and speak advisedly. To one who had lived as he did the hour of dissolution had no terrors; death was to him the end of travail, the door of desires, the port of paradise, the haven of heaven, the entrance to felicity, the beginning of blissfulness, a passage to the Father, a chariot to heaven, the Lord's messenger, a going home. He so preached it.

Through his many months of affliction he was mercifully spared great pain and though his activities to some extent chafed under the restraint, no word of murmur or complaint escaped him. He appreciated the loving ministrations of his faithful companion. Night and day she was ever by him and her cheerful manner and devoted attentions were, no doubt, to him more sustaining than any stimulants that might have been administered. Only through the help of the Omnipotent was it possible for her to bear the burden laid upon her. Though she saw her most highly prized earthly treasure day by day passing slowly from her, he never saw aught but a smiling countenance greeting him and from her lips he heard none but words of cheer.

In his report at the recent session of conference Presiding Elder Stevens spoke as follows concerning him: "Three of our pastors were for several months incapacitated by severe sickness from performing the duties assigned them by Bishop Goodsell. A gracious Father has mercifully restored to health two of these; the other, Brother Henry Treverton, gentle, sweet-spirited, pure, has been smitten in the midst of his labors, and in the prime of life has entered the valley of the shadow. The rod and staff of the Christ he has preached comfort him; his right hand leads and sustains him, even in the presence of the death enemy; his table is spread with the bread of the kingdom, from the finest of the wheat, and honey of grace from the Rock of Ages. His cup runneth over. Surely goodness and mercy shall follow him all the remaining days, and then he shall dwell in the house of the Lord forever. Within two days of the reception of the knowledge of the nature of his affliction the stewards of the Mapleton appointment had collected and paid to him the entire salary for the remainder of the year—five months—although not able to render them service, requesting that he be continued as their pastor until conference. May other appointments where pastors are sick, and some where they are well, learn the lesson of brotherliness here shown."

The funeral services of Rev. Treverton were held in the M. E. church at 9.30 o'clock Saturday morning and were in charge of Rev. E. M. Stevens, presiding elder of Juniata district. He was assisted by Rev. B. B. Hamlin, D. D., Rev. M. L. Smith, Rev. G. M. Klepfer, Rev. J. R. Dunkerly, Rev. N. B. Smith, Rev. Joseph Gray, Rev. L. M. Brady, Rev. W. C. Charlton, Rev. G. W. Stevens, Rev. E. L. Eslinger, Rev. H. H. Crotsley, Rev. C. W. Briner and Rev. W. H. Norcross. The service was very impressive. His ministerial brethren acted as pall bearers and at the close of the service they bore the remains to the depot. They were taken to Huntingdon on way passenger thence to Everett on a special train and were interred in the beautiful cemetery at that place at 2.30 o'clock. The service at the tomb was conducted by Presiding Elder Stevens, assisted by Rev. Richard Hinkle, Rev. Comp and Rev. Brady. About sixty of his former parishoners from this place and Mill Creek accompanied the remains to their last resting place. The tomb was covered with a mass of flowers, among them being a beautiful tribute from members of the Presbyterian congregation of Mapleton.

Fought for His Life.

"My father and sister both died of Consumption," writes J. T. Weatherwax, of Wyandotte, Mich., "and I was saved from the same frightful fate only by Dr. King's New Discovery. An attack of Pneumonia left an obstinate cough and very severe lung trouble, which an excellent doctor could not help, but a few months' use of this wonderful medicine made me as well as ever and I gained much in weight." Infallible for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung trouble. Trial bottles free. Guaranteed, bottles 50c and $1.00 at W. H. Spangler's.

YOUNG GIRL A BURGLAR

Katie Allen Confesses to Many Crimes in Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

When Discovered Around Strange Houses Would Pretend to Be a Beggar —Caught by the Police.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—Residents in the fashionable section of this city have been complaining for some weeks of petty robberies and several servants have been discharged on suspicion. Unusual efforts have been made to discover the thief and the mystery was cleared when Chief of Police McCabe arrested twelve-year-old Katie Allen, who confessed to a series of burglaries and thefts which astonished the police.

Katie admitted that after school it was her custom to visit the houses of the well to do as a beggar. At the home of Mrs. H. Raymond she was met in the yard, and accused of having taken some money from the house.

"I am only begging," she said, "but I just met a rough looking man going out of the gate. He must have stolen the money."

Suspicion was averted, Katie's basket was filled with good things and she was allowed to go.

At the home of Mrs. Eliza Leroy Katie received no answer at the kitchen door, and climbed through a window. She then plundered the lower part of the house while the family were up stairs.

In the home of Mrs. Frederick Lucas Katie made her way to the upper floor and stole a child's bank and its contents. She was met by a servant as she was going out the back door, and, telling a tearful story of poverty, obtained a basketful of food.

In one instance, where she was intercepted by a servant, she diverted suspicion by promptly inquiring for a little girl who was known to frequently visit that house.

When arrested she said at first that she had lately gone to work in a factory and had earned the money, the spending of which attracted attention.

PHYSICIAN'S BILL $190,000.

Dr. W. C. Browning's Claim Against the Estate of Chris L. Magee.

Pittsburg, Penn.—The estate of the late State Senator Chris L. Magee has received a bill from Dr. Walter C. Browning, of Philadelphia, for $190,000 for professional services during the last illness of Senator Magee.

Dr. Browning was in attendance on Senator Magee for twenty-one months previous to his death. He accompanied him to several places for the recovery of his health. The fee is believed to be one of the largest of its kind ever charged in the United States.

The bill covers twenty-one months' treatment, and the charges are at the rate of $80 per treatment hour. One charge is $17,000 for last summer's treatment at Atlantic City, and another $12,000 for accompanying the deceased to Hot Springs, Va.

The executors of the Magee estate refuse to discuss Dr. Browning's bill. It is learned from reliable sources, however, that the bill will be contested.

REGULAR ARMY OF 76,000.

President and Secretary Root Adopt General Miles's Recommendation.

Washington, D. C.—It has been determined to increase the regular army to approximate 76,000, and to leave it at that number unless conditions in the Philippines should make more troops necessary. The President and Secretary Root have so decided. The details will be worked out by the Secretary and General Miles.

The decision is practically in line with a recommendation made by General Miles several months ago and renewed by him in a letter to the Secretary of War recently. In this letter General Miles recommended that the army be limited to one soldier to every 1000 of population, namely, 76,000 men.

The number of officers appointed will be as originally decided. The artillery corps will be increased to its full strength of 18,000 men.

BRITISH RECRUITS FALL OFF.

The Times Recommends That the American System Be Adopted.

London.—The annual return of recruiting for 1900 shows a total enlistment of 98,361, against 42,700 in 1899. The recruiting for the infantry is regarded as unsatisfactory. In spite of the impetus of the war and the reduction in the standard of height, the number of enlisted infantrymen is below that of 1899, the recruits generally having preferred the showier branches of the service.

The Times, in the course of an editorial on the unfavorable recruiting report, compares the results here with those of the successful American system, which it thinks should be imitated in the United Kingdom.

FATHER IS ACCUSED.

Murder of His Five Children Not Committed by Burglars.

Paris, France.—The widower named Briere, whose five children were murdered at Chartres, was confronted with the children's bodies in the presence of a magistrate, whose questions the man refused to answer. He was therefore placed under arrest. The first reports of the crime attributed the killing of the children to burglars, who, it was said, stabbed and bludgeoned them to silence their cries of alarm upon discovering that thieves were in the house.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Internal revenue collections throughout the country during March, 1901, footed up $24,030,745, a decrease, as compared with March, 1900, of $295,935.

The Cuban Commissioners were received by President McKinley, and a dinner in their honor was given at the White House in the evening.

Lloyd Griscom, United States Secretary of Legation at Constantinople, decided to return at the expiration of his leave.

President McKinley pardoned Henry Gardes, President, and Walter W. Girault, Cashier, sentenced in 1897 to eight years in the Ohio Penitentiary for embezzling funds of the American National Bank of New Orleans.

Diplomatic displeasure will be shown to Venezuela for President Castro's attitude toward Minister Loomis.

John A. Kasson severed his official connection with the State Department as Special Reciprocity Commissioner.

The War Department will not interfere with Sir William Van Horne's project for a railroad in Cuba.

First Deputy of the United States Treasury Maurice L. Muhleman resigned, to go into business.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

There are 25,000 lepers in the Philippines, and it is planned to isolate all on one island.

Lieutenant William Patterson, of the Coast Artillery, is to be tried by court-martial, at Manila, for misappropriating funds.

Major George, the Surgeon-in-Chief, says that Havana, Cuba, is without a case of yellow fever.

By an executive order establishing an insular naval force, Filipinos who enlist in the service will receive one-half the pay of other seamen of the same ratings.

DOMESTIC.

The State Bank Examiner of Georgia reports forty more banks in the State than on September 5 last, a total of 177.

Short in his accounts $1000, Assistant Postmaster C. H. Drexel, at Tarpon Springs, Fla., was arrested.

Arriving at San Francisco, Cal., from China, Minister E. H. Conger said the missionaries were not responsible for the recent troubles.

A run on the First National Bank, of Moscow, Idaho, was checked by a union of business men.

Virgil P. McMaster, of Nineveh, N. Y., an executor of the estate of Jane Bush, of Colesville, was arrested for misusing $23,000 of the estate funds.

With the greatest crops in the history of the Territory in readiness for harvesters, Arizona ranchers cannot find enough men to do the work.

A bill was passed by the Lower House of the Illinois Legislature prohibiting the sale, giving away or bringing into the State of cigarettes.

Robbers who blew open the vault of the First National Bank at Wiscasset, Me., secured nothing.

The last sale of a new York Stock Exchange seat made a record price—$62,000.

Shirt waists were officially denied New York firemen.

By "tips" from James J. Hill, former Senator Pettigrew, of South Dakota, is said to have cleared $250,000 on stocks.

The schooner Samuel Ricker was run down and sunk off Comfield, Conn., by the Fall River steamer Pilgrim, Captain Allen, of the schooner, being drowned.

The traffic season at Nome, Alaska, has opened.

A stucco trust is proposed in the West.

Charles C. Stockley, aged eighty-two years, former Governor of Delaware, died at Georgetown, Del.

Tom Lee, a Chinese merchant, applied for police protection at New York City, saying his life was threatened by Highbinders.

Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, through their Attorneys-General formed a friendly alliance to eradicate fraudulent insurance companies.

By means of a breeches buoy the crew of the life saving station at Chadwick, N. J., rescued Captain McKelier and his crew of seven men from the stranded schooner Mola.

The transport Garonne arrived at San Francisco, Cal., from Manila, having on board the Twenty-sixth Regiment and the unusual number of sixty-four stowaways.

In a jealous rage John H. Gorman, foreman of a copper mine, shot and killed George McCarthy, at Milton, Cal., and then blew himself to pieces with giant powder.

FOREIGN.

London advices have it that the American allotment of the new British war loan will be $45,000,000.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, at London, informed a deputation of coal owners and exporters that the export tax on coal would not be dropped by the Government.

Sir Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, M. P., was fined in a London police court for an assault upon a lawyer's clerk.

A dispatch from Rome says that Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert, is insane in consequence of the ill-treatment of his jailers.

Peace is rapidly being restored in Colombia.

The Egyptian budget shows a surplus, estimated, of $320,000, for 1901.

The Rev. James Chalmers and the Rev. Oliver Tomkins were murdered by natives in New Guinea.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Hanlon, of Brooklyn, thinks he has another "find" in his new pitcher, McCann.

Wefers, the well known sprinter, has been signed by the St. Louis club as an extra outfielder.

Lewis, the old Boston National League pitcher, signed a contract to play with the Boston American League club.

Some critics believe that the pennant race in the National League will be a one-sided affair between Brooklyn and Pittsburg.

Amos Rusie is working hard reducing superfluous flesh and has hopes of entering the box in his old-time form within ten days.

Manager McGraw, of the American League club, has signed "Cy" Seymour, former pitcher of the New York club. It is proposed to play him in the outfield.

Bransfield, Pittsburg's new first baseman, is compared to Tenney by W. H. Watkin, who says his playing is as effective as that of the Boston first baseman.

Walter Camp, head of athletics at Yale University, announced that the Yale field corporation at a meeting held recently had decided to build a new baseball grand stand.

Will White, the old Cincinnati pitcher, was the most noted example of a player wearing glasses on the field. Wallace, who played right field for Yale a few years ago, wore them.

Nichols, Boston's veteran twirler, is unquestionably in good shape at present, and if the rest of the Hub's pitching staff can be relied on there are some hopes of landing another pennant in Beantown.

Young Castro, formerly with the Manhattan College team, who has recently shown some ability as an infielder on the West New York Field Club team, will soon be with Boston. Frank Selee likes his work and is going to get him.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Dr. Stubbs, Bishop of Oxford, England, died, in his seventy-fifth year.

Sidney Grundy is fifty-three years old and has written his fifty-third play.

The King of Saxony is one of the most approachable of European sovereigns.

Former Secretary John W. Foster is among the $1000 contributors for the Harrison monument.

Mr. Emile Faquet, the dramatic critic, has been installed as a member of the French Academy at Paris.

Lord Pauncefote has presented his new credentials as Ambassador of Great Britain to President McKinley.

Senator Pettus when in Washington carries his letters and documents to the Capitol snugly stowed in his big slouch hat.

Secretary of War Root has abandoned his projected trip to the Philippines in consequence of the improved situation in the islands.

The Czar of Russia is a wonderful whistler, and can whistle the most intricate variations on national airs. He entertains intimate friends in this way.

General Hector Macdonald, the British soldier who rose from the ranks by sheer ability, has been appointed to an important command on the Afghan frontier.

Naval Constructor Richmond P. Hobson has been assigned to special duty in the Bureau of Construction and Repair, Navy Department, at Washington.

Senator Foraker intends to spend the fall in Porto Rico, and make a thorough study of all its industries, classes of population, and its various social educational and religious institutions.

General Charles King, the soldier-author, has accepted temporary command of the Michigan Military Academy at Orchard Lake, to succeed Colonel Rogers, who retires on account of impaired health.

LABOR WORLD.

The mine strike in the fifth Ohio district has been ended.

The hosiery mill strike at Ipswich, Mass., has been settled.

The number of women engaged in the factories of Finland is 19,395.

Granite workers threaten a strike along Cape Ann in Massachusetts.

Three hundred boilermakers in Buffalo, N. Y., went on strike for more wages.

Striking engineers at Cleveland, Ohio, may make a new proposition to the lake carriers.

The two-year coal strike in Kansas, Arkansas and Indian Territory will be continued indefinitely.

Carpenters, plasterers and stonemasons at Shenandoah, Penn., struck for shorter hours and a $2.25 wage rate.

Because their employers would not sign a new wage scale, painters and decorators at Reading, Penn., went on a strike.

All the miners employed in the gold mines at Waverly, N. S., have struck. The mines are owned by Mrs. Hersch of New York City.

Anthracite coal mine workers believe that a conditional proposition by the operators to recognize their union on January 1, 1902, will be presented to them.

Berlin papers confirm the report that 5000 of the workmen of Herr Krupp have been dismissed, including 3000 who were employed in the cannon works.

Eight hundred cigarmakers, representing every factory in Montreal, Que., struck for uniformity of price in the various factories for the same kind of work.

ELEPHANT KILLS TRAINER

Holds the Man With Fore Feet on a River's Bottom.

Henry Huffman, a Well-Known Animal Keeper, the Victim of "Big Charley," at Peru, Ind.

Peru, Ind.—Henry Huffman, a well-known animal trainer, with the Wallace shows, met a horrible death here, being killed by Big Charley, a monster elephant, while the animal was bathing in the Mississinewa River. Big Charley wound his trunk about Keeper Huffman and hurled him far into the stream.

The man was uninjured, and when he returned he said: "Why, Charley, I did not think that of you; arn't you ashamed of yourself." The next instant Huffman was grabbed by the big elephant and thrown to the bottom of the river and held there by the fore feet of the animal. Huffman was drowned.

Then, with a great roar, the elephant ran away. Several showmen shot at him, with no effect. He broke down fences and roamed about in a big field, keeping everybody at a distance. Apples loaded with strychnine were thrown near him, and he eat one. An hour later he lay down, and was in terrible agony. A rifle shot settled him.

Big Charley weighed over three tons, and was valued at $10,000, and in his lifetime had killed four men.

Keeper Huffman at different times was animal trainer in Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, and Central Park, New York City. His home was at Columbus, Ohio.

Rajah Kills a Female Tiger.

Buffalo, N. Y.—Rajah, the tiger which recently attacked and almost killed its owner, Frank Bostock, in Indianapolis, killed a female tiger at the Exposition grounds. Both tigers were in the same cage, but were separated by strong wooden bars. The female got too close to the bars and Rajah caught her by the throat.

A MADMAN'S TERRIBLE DEED.

An Insane Electrician Shoots Five Men at Portland, Me.

Portland, Me.—In a fit of temporary insanity George M. Brainerd, an electrician, shot to death I. N. Farnham, chief electrician, and Earle Buxton, an assistant; fatally wounded James Wadsworth, of Lewiston, and Elmer Lane, of Mechanics' Falls, and slightly wounded Deputy Marshal Willard Frith. Brainerd is under arrest.

All the men concerned were employed in making extensive changes in the new exchange of the New England Telephone Company. It was about 1.50 o'clock when Brainerd suddenly drew a revolver, which he pointed at Farnham, killing him instantly. Then he turned, and in rapid succession shot Wadsworth, Buxton and Lane, who were in separate corners of the room. The alarm was sounded, and the police were on the scene within a few minutes.

As Deputy Marshal Frith reached the top of the flight of stairs he received a bullet in the right side. The Deputy continued on, downed the murderer before he could shoot again and placed irons upon him.

PATRICK HELD ON TEN COUNTS.

He is Charged Directly With the Murder of William Marsh Rice.

New York City.—The indictment against Albert T. Patrick for murder in the first degree contains ten counts. Patrick is charged directly with the murder, Charles F. Jones, the valet, being ignored altogether. In separate counts Patrick is charged with killing William Marsh Rice with chloroform, with mercury, and with an unknown poison; with chloroform and mercury together and with chloroform and an unknown poison together, and again with all three of the articles.

Missionaries Killed by Boxers.

The Secretary of State, at Washington, has received a report prepared by the Rev. J. V. Stevenson, of the Chinese Inland Mission, showing the number of persons belonging to Protestant missionary families who were murdered in the Boxer troubles. The total is 186, divided as follows: British, seventy adults and twenty-eight children; Swedish, forty adults and sixteen children; American, twenty-four adults and eight children.

Stole a Safe Containing $10,000.

Two men secured $10,000 in gold in the most audacious robbery ever known at Anaconda, Mon. During the early morning hours they forced the main doors of the "Alaska" saloon, carried out the 300-pound safe, placed it in an express wagon, and drove outside the city limits. After breaking open the safe and securing its contents they escaped.

Chicago's Chief of Police Resigns.

Chief of Police Joseph Kipley, of Chicago, handed his resignation to Mayor Harrison. The Mayor told the Chief that he had no intention of reappointing him, and the resignation immediately followed.

Plenty of Money in Kansas.

State Bank Commissioner Albaugh, at Topeka, Kan., says there never was so much money in Kansas as at present. The bank vaults are loaded with the profits from diversified farming.

Big Coal Discovery in Iceland.

Great coal deposits have been discovered near the Nowd Fjord, on the east coast of Iceland.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 2½c. per quart.

BUTTER.

Creamery—West, extra	$ —	@$	20
Firsts	19	@	19½
Seconds	17½	@	18½
State dairy tubs, extra	—	@	19
Imitation creamery	13½	@	17½
Factory finest	13	@	13½
Low grades	11	@	12

CHEESE.

State—Full cream, fancy	11	@	11¼
Small	12	@	12¼
Part skims, good to prime	5	@	5½
Full skims	1½	@	2

EGGS.

Jersey—Fancy	14	@	14½
State and Penn	14	@	14½
Western—Choice	14	@	14¼
Southern—Choice	13	@	13¼
Duck eggs	14	@	20
Goose eggs	25	@	30

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, choice, 1900	2 45	@	2 50
Medium	—	@	2 05
Pea, choice	2 10	@	2 12½
Red kidney, choice	2 05	@	2 07½
White kidney, choice	2 25	@	2 30
Yellow eye	2 50	@	2 55
Lima, Cal.	—	@	4 10
Green peas, bags	—	@	1 17½

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl.	3 00	@	4 50
Baldwin, per bbl.	3 00	@	3 75
Greening, per bbl.	3 00	@	4 00
Strawberries, Fla., per qt.	18	@	30
Cranberries, per bbl.	6 00	@	9 00

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, per lb	—	@	11
Chickens, per lb	—	@	9
Roosters, per lb	—	@	7
Turkeys, per lb	8	@	9
Ducks, per pair	50	@	80
Geese, per pair	70	@	1 00
Pigeons, per pair	25	@	35

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, per lb	8	@	10½
Capons, per lb	13	@	16
Fowls, State & Penn., per lb	10	@	10½
Chickens, Phila., per lb	20	@	25
Ducks, per lb	12	@	12½
Geese, per lb	9½	@	10
Squabs, per dozen	1 50	@	2 75

HOPS.

State—1900, choice, per lb.	19	@	21
1899, prime	12	@	14
Pacific coast—1900, choice.	18	@	19
1899, poor to choice	9	@	15
Old odds	2	@	5

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, per 100 lb	—	@	95
No. 1, per 100 lb	90	@	92½
No. 2, per 100 lb	82½	@	85
Clover mixed, per 100 lb.	80	@	85
Straw, long rye	85	@	90

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, West., per bbl.	1 25	@	1 50
State, per sack	1 30	@	1 40
Sweets, per bbl.	2 00	@	2 75
Onions—Orange Co., per bag	2 00	@	3 25
Conn., red, per bbl.	2 00	@	4 00
Conn., white, per bbl.	2 50	@	5 00
Cabbages, per bbl.	2 00	@	2 75
Turnips, per bbl.	75	@	80
Tomatoes, per carrier	1 00	@	2 50
String beans, per crate	2 00	@	4 00
Egg plant, per box	2 00	@	3 50
Peppers, per carrier	1 50	@	2 00
Celery, per dozen	15	@	90
Lettuce, per basket	1 00	@	3 00
Beets, per crate	75	@	1 00
Spinach, per bbl.	50	@	1 00
Squash, marrow, bbl.	1 00	@	1 25
Peas, per basket	1 00	@	3 50
Kale, per bbl.	50	@	75
Carrots, per 100 bunches	2 00	@	3 00
Radishes, per basket	1 50	@	2 00
Parsley, per 100 bunches	1 00	@	3 00
Rhubarb, per 100 bunches	4 00	@	6 00

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—Winter patents	3 70	@	4 00
Spring patents	3 95	@	4 55
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	87½
No. 2 red	78½	@	81⅜
Corn—No. 2	51½	@	51⅞
Oats—No. 2 white	33	@	33¼
Track mixed	31	@	32½
Rye—Western	60½	@	61
State	55	@	56
Lard, city	—	@	8.12c.

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed	7	@	8
Calves, city dressed	5½	@	9
Country dressed	5	@	7½
Sheep, per 100 lb	—	@	4 75
Lambs, per 100 lb	5 00	@	6 20
Hogs, live, per 100 lb	6 10	@	6 40
Country dressed	5½	@	8½

TOBACCO.

There is a little more doing in Havana tobacco, but trade is not especially active. Sumatra continues quiet. Domestic cigar leaf is also dull and weak. Western tobacco continues dull and firm.

SHOE INDUSTRY BOOMING.

The Famous Factory at Brockton, Mass., to Be Enlarged.

Boston, Mass.—The boom in New England industries continues and reports from the factory centres tell one tale of universal business activity. No line seems to be in a more prosperous state than is the shoe industry. From Brockton come especially encouraging reports. W. L. Douglas is going to increase the capacity of his factory to 3000 pairs of shoes per day.

The addition will be made in the form of a wing running out from the front of the factory 100 feet deep, forty feet wide and four stories high. This will add 16,000 square feet of space for manufacturing purposes.

About $4000 more per week will be paid out to shoemakers, which will go to increase the prosperity of the community at large.

When the factory starts up the first of July it will be on an output of 500 dozen pairs of shoes per day, and the weekly payroll, exclusive of office help, superintendent, foremen, etc., will be $22,000 per week to those actually engaged in making shoes.

The salesmen on the road are selling twenty-five per cent. more goods than last season, and to take care of this increased business the erection of the addition is made necessary. The increased sale is the direct result of extensive advertising, the expenditure for which is now larger than at any other period, and is to be still further increased.

Prussian Crops Worst Yet.

The Prussian crop report, just issued, shows the worst condition since these reports have been kept.

KILLED IN AN EXPLOSION

Tons of Smokless Powder Blow Up Near Frankfort, Germany.

FIRE SWEPT NEARBY VILLAGES

The Disaster Caused by a Small Fire Which Ignited Several Vessels of Picric Acid, Exploding Forty Tons of Smokeless Powder — Field Hospitals Erected—Military Sent to the Scene.

Frankfort, Germany.—One of the most disastrous explosions on record occurred at the Electro-Chemical Works, near Griesheim, where smokeless powder is manufactured. Most of the boilers exploded. The noise was so great that it was heard at great distances, including Frankfort and Mayence. Nearly 200 persons were killed and injured.

The factory immediately became a mass of flames, and a northeast wind carried the sparks to neighboring villages, where several houses were set on fire. Eighteen cylinders, each containing about one hundredweight of smokeless powder, were in the room where the explosion occurred.

Troops were immediately ordered to Griesheim to prevent the fire spreading to the large benzine reservoirs near by. Fire brigades from every place in the neighborhood hurried to the scene; but, owing to the dangerous nature of the ruins and the fear of a renewal of the explosions, the greatest difficulty was experienced in stopping the flames.

Only after five hours of strenuous effort was the fire to some extent controlled and the danger passed, so as to make it possible to begin the work of extricating the bodies.

Half a company of infantry and scores of physicians were immediately hurried to the scene from Frankfort, as was nearly the whole force of fire fighters of this city. Hospitals were hastily improvised.

The inhabitants of Griesheim were ordered to leave their village and fled to this city. When it was ascertained that no further danger was anticipated, the inhabitants were allowed to return to their homes.

Four sheds for dressing the wounds of the injured were erected. The catastrophe originated in a small fire, which ignited several receptacles of picric acid, causing the first explosion. The houses adjoining the factory were partly demolished by the violence of the explosion.

A number of children who were hurled by the explosion into the River Main, were drowned before rescuers could reach them. Several firemen are among the victims.

DR. BAUM'S HEROIC DEATH.

Perishes While Going to the Aid of a Sick Miner at Nome.

Seattle, Wash.—Partial confirmation of the rumors of death in Alaska by freezing has been received. The Nome Gold Digger of January 30 says:

"Dr. Pellon, one of the best known and most esteemed young pioneers of Alaska, was frozen on the trail on the night of January 1 near Solomon. He came from Oakland, Cal., and was thirty-three years of age. Dr. W. F. Baum perished while carrying medical assistance to a sick miner. Dr. Baum left Nome on June 21 last. He was a native of Mobile, Ala., and saw service in the Cuban war.

"A story was told at the Chamber of Commerce meeting of sixteen men and a woman huddled together in a maimed and mutilated condition from frostbite in a cabin on Pilgrim River, unable to lie down because of the crush and with starvation facing them. Generous individuals and companies donated money and food. Within two hours an emergency supply of food was flying over the trail by moonlight, drawn by swift dogs. The next day a number of the victims arrived in town, and told their story. Some of them were badly frostbitten, and had endured severe hardships."

WILDCAT OIL CONCERNS.

Millions of Watered Stock Floated by Many Texas Enterprises.

Austin, Texas.—A careful investigation into the financial condition and method of operation of a large number of the companies which have been formed under the laws of Texas to operate in the Beaumont oil field shows that fully fifty per cent. of them are wildcat concerns, and that their only object is to dispose of their watered stock, often amounting to several hundred thousand dollars, to unsuspecting investors.

It is predicted that the collapse will soon come, and that the people of Texas of small means who have invested in these worthless stocks will be the principal sufferers. It is conservatively estimated that fully $75,000,000 of oil stock have been sold by companies in Texas during the past two months.

ADELBERT HAY RESIGNS

The Pretoria Consulship May Be Left Open For a Time.

Washington, D. C. — Adelbert Hay, son of the Secretary of State, has resigned his position as United States Consul-General at Pretoria. The resignation takes effect immediately.

In view of the great expense of living at Pretoria, it is possible that the office will be left vacant until Congress can have an opportunity to act upon a recommendation from the Executive looking to an increase in the salary.

STATE NEWS BUDGET.

Increase in Bituminous Mines.

There has been a remarkable increase in the Pennsylvania bituminous mines in the past ten years. In 1891 the number of bituminous coal mines in operation in Pennsylvania was 705, while on January 1, 1901, the number had increased to 943, an increase of 238, or more than twenty-five per cent. Somerset and Armstrong counties have doubled the number of their mines, and Cambria County almost so. In the past decade Allegheny has gained thirteen; Armstrong, eleven; Beaver, three; Bedford, five; Butler, three; Cambria, fifty-four; Centre, twelve; Clearfield, six; Elk, nine; Fayette, thirty-two; Huntingdon, four; Indiana, sixteen; Jefferson, eleven; Somerset, thirty-four; Washington, six, and Westmoreland, twenty-six. The counties showing losses are: Blair, one; Bradford, three; Mercer, five, and Tioga, three. The remarkable increase has been greater during the period 1899-1900 than in any other year of the decade.

Novel Suit Against Miners.

On March 28, at the Pennsylvania colliery, at Mt. Carmel, Rudolf Rumfolsky was killed by a shot in No. 20 breast. The Coroner's jury held Wally Szymanski and Martin Soleski responsible for setting off a blast in a breast next to where Rumofolsky was working without giving him warning. Relatives, backed by the United Mine Workers of America, have brought suit, charging the two miners with manslaughter. They were committed to jail for trial at the May term of court. This is the first case in the history of mining where a suit was brought in such a case, and several hundred thousand miners are deeply interested in the result.

Held Responsible For Train Wreck.

Benjamin Crager and Matthew Martin, engineer and conductor respectively of the coal train which collided with the Plymouth Railroad milk train a few days ago, were held responsible by the Coroner's jury, at Norristown, for the death of Engineer Joseph Fallows, of the milk train. Crager and Martin reside in Philadelphia. Both admitted their negligence, but attributed it to forgetting to keep account of the time lost while their train was stalled, and thus running on the time of the milk train's schedule.

Announced His Own Death.

Fearing that growing deafness would ultimately deprive him of employment as official court reporter for Blair and Cambria counties, J. Frank Condon shot himself through the head in his office at Altoona. The fact was not known until friends, who missed him, burst open the office door and found him dead. On his desk was a telegram addressed to his son, in Johnstown, saying: "Father is dead; come." Sealed letters to friends were also found in his desk.

Girl's Life Saved by a Dog.

The life of eight-year-old Mary Kovatus, of Seek, was saved by a faithful dog. The little one wandered away from home, in company with the dog, and walked into a mud dam, where she began to sink. The animal tried to extricate the child, but was unable to do so. It then ran to the little one's home, where the child had been missed and led the distracted parents to the dam in time to save her life. She had sunk to her neck in the mud.

Hanged For a Murder.

Mark Thomas Hayes was hanged at Uniontown. He died game and walked to the scaffold unflinchingly. He had nothing whatever to say. He refused religious consolation of any kind and met death phlegmatically. The crime which cost Hayes his life was committed July 4, 1899, at the Hill farm, near Dunbar. It was the cold-blooded murder of William Loddon, his neighbor and close friend for years.

Ladies to Remove Hats in Church.

The Rev. Dr. Harcourt, of the People's Methodist Church, at Reading, has issued orders that all ladies attending service in his church will be expected to remove their hats before the sermon begins and keep them off until after the doxology and benediction.

All Through the State.

Media citizens are maturing plans for a new library.

Burglaries are becoming numerous in Richboro and vicinity.

The Lutheran Church at Sassamansville has wiped out its debt of $500.

There are over 44,000 pupils enrolled in the Berks County Sabbath-schools.

A site has been purchased in Phoenixville for a public library building.

Clayton McDowell has been appointed fourth-class postmaster at Williston.

Activity of the various industries has caused a scarcity of mechanics at Stowe.

The continuation of the trolley line above Collegeville has been commenced.

Allen Kooker has been appointed mail carrier between Colmar and Mt. Pleasant.

A forest fire on Forge Hills, at Green Lane, was caused by sparks of a passing engine.

Chester County farmers are kept busy planting potatoes and oats between the showers.

Work on the Downingtown trolley line is still in progress, and gangs of men are grading at Sheehan's rocks and Sugar's bridge.

The Erie City Iron Works has awarded to the Cambria Iron Works a contract for a new building at an estimated cost of $200,000.

The badly decomposed body of an unknown man, believed to be a foreigner, who had been drowned in the river, was found at Bloomsburg.

New Uniform For German Soldiers.

Germany's new military uniform will be of grayish brown cloth for coat and trousers and caps. The helmets will be of brown cloth and will have the brass spikes. All shining buttons, buckles and ornaments will be done away with.

Divisions of the World's Population.

The population of the whole world is about 1,500,000,000. Of this Great Britain and her colonies have 25.9 per cent., Russia 8.09 per cent., France 6.3 per cent., United States 5.7 per cent., Germany 4.6 per cent., Austro-Hungary 3.1 per cent., Italy 2.2 per cent.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15 and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

The term "halycon days" is derived from a pretty little fable of the Sicilians, who believed that during the seven days preceding and following the winter solstice, December 21, the halycon or kingfisher, floated on the water in a nest in which her young were deposited, and that during this time of her brooding the seas were calm. Our Indian summer corresponds to the halcyon of the Sicilians.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once, delays are dangerous.

The new naval academy building at Annapolis, Md., will be the finest structure in the possession of the Federal Government outside of Washington. It will cost $3,000,000 and house 500 cadets. Allowing five per cent. as a fair interest on the investment the expenditures means $300 a year sunk in the building on account of each naval cadet. This is, of course, irrespective of the cost of tuition and support.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The obstreperous prisoner realizes that a policeman not only collars but cuffs.

Don't drink too much water when cycling. Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti is an excellent substitute.

The man who has a lawn always wants some mower.

Deep Sea Fishes.

The depth-fishes, as a rule, are distinguished by enormous jaws, and some of them are literally all mouth, being able to swallow other fishes several times as big as themselves, thanks to their distensible stomachs. They are usually black as ink, with lancet-like teeth; either blind or with huge goggling eyes, and provided with phosphorescent spots that give light in the everlasting darkness of the nether aqueous realm. If blind, they are apt to have long appendages that serve as feelers.

Although there is no plant-life in the depths, many of the animals counterfeit flowers—for example, some of the marine worms, which expand their long and exquisitely colored tentacles as if in imitation of blossoms. One species of worm dwells in a tube, which it closes with a stopper when it wants to retire from view.

Then there are the "sea lilies" which lend their graceful beauty to the gardens of the ocean floor, while forests of "sea fans" and "sea pens" cover many of the "waste places" of the interminable abyssal desert. Some of the deep-sea sponges, by the way, resemble plumes of spun glass, and only a few years ago specimens taken by Japanese fishermen and imported into Europe were actually supposed to be curios of Oriental art, nothing like them having ever been seen before.—Pearson's Magazine.

A Klondike baker who has been burned out three times and lost a whole cargo of coal has nevertheless cleared $30,000 in three years.

Flower Gardens of the Sea.

The sea has its flower gardens, but the blooms are not on plants as they are on the land. It is the animals of the sea that make the gardens, the corals of the tropical waters, particularly, making a display of floral beauty that fairly rivals the gorgeous coloring and delicate grace presented by land flowers. So closely do they resemble plant blooms that it is hard to believe that they are wholly animal in organization. Dr. Blackford says that among the coral gardens there are fishes of curious forms and flashing colors darting about, just as the birds and butterflies dart about plant gardens on land.

"Scissors to Grind?"

Decades may come and go, and great industries be entirely remodelled by new inventions, but the scissors grinder appears to go on forever, untouched by the spirit of progress which marks the new century.

Down town and up town, he still trudges along carrying on his back or trundling on its flywheel the same old arrangement of assorted sizes of grindstones, stopping occasionally when he finds a housewife whose scissors or knives are in need of having their edges renewed.

In only one feature is he at all different from what he has been for many years, and that is in the substitution of a bugle for the bell he used to ring. Whether this is an improvement or not depends entirely upon the individual view point. Certain it is that, while in former times he clanged the bell noisily and with discouraging persistency, it emitted but the one note caused by the impact of the tongue upon the metal, and there was no chance of his modifying it. With the bugle, however, it is different, as the sounds he forces its brass throat to emit may occasionally be musical, but are far more often calculated to make the hearer rise up in wrath and smite him.

Be that as it may, however, he still manages to sharpen his quota of cutting utensils and until the new century shall have sufficiently advanced to make it possible to dispense with his services we shall have to put up with him as a necessary, if noisy, evil.—New York Herald.

He Never Returned.

"If ever again you use that word 'she' instead of 'it,' I shall consider it to be a personal insult!" screamed Reginald's sweetheart. "It's very rude, in my opinion, to use the same for ships and such things as you do for ladies!"

"But, my dear," protested Reginald, "everyone does it, and I don't see why you should look at it in that light."

"I don't care what you see or don't see!" cried the furious young lady. "I object to it!"

"I think there is good reason for it in some cases," said Reginald. "A locomotive, at any rate, is rightly called 'she.'"

"Indeed!" exclaimed the girl, putting on a weather-office look which seemed to say—"expect squalls." "And why?"

Reginald hastily prepared to depart before replying. Then he said:

"Because it makes such a horrible noise when it tries to whistle."—London Answers.

Permit to Breathe.

"That inspector who just went out told me of a conversation he had today with two women in East Baltimore," said City Inspector of Buildings Preston.

"They want to build a shed on their premises, and he told them it must be covered with a tin roof and that they must get a permit to build it.

"He said they replied with a tinge of sarcasm: 'I guess that after a while we will have to get a permit from you to breathe.'

"'No, you are wrong there. You will have to get such a permit from the Health Department,' was his answer."—Baltimore Sun.

There Is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

A new needle, which must be a delight to housewives, has been invented in Germany. It has a prolongation behind the eye of smaller diameter than the bored part of the needle, with grooves in it to receive the thread. The object of it is to facilitate the passing of the needle through the holes in buttons when sewing them on. The thread lies in the grooves, and hence the needle passes much more easily and rapidly.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to sunlight, washing and rubbing. Sold by all druggists.

Eyeglasses are made from Brazilian pebble, which is a very transparent rock crystal.

A woman who holds up a train isn't necessarily a robber.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., Props. of Hall's Catarrh Cure, offer $100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The age of Aguinaldo is uncertain. He does not know it himself.

If You Have Rheumatism

Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 148, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, exp. paid. If cured pay $5.50. If not, it is free.

The dikes of Japan cost in the aggregate more money than those of the Netherlands.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Some people work harder over their recreations than they do over their work.

Frey's Vermifuge

Has been curing children of worms for 60 yrs. 25 cents. At Druggists and country stores.

The resurrection of an old dress is due to the dyeing.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Aguinaldo is five feet four inches in height.

AGENTS WANTED for the **Brohard Sash Lock and Brohard Door Holder**

Active workers everywhere can earn big money; always a steady demand for our goods. Sample sash lock, with prices, terms, etc., free for 2c stamp for postage. THE BROHARD CO., Department 12, Philadelphia, Pa.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous." **McILHENNY'S TABASCO.**

ACTIVE MAN by large Manufacturing House; $36.00 in cash paid for 12 days' trial; promotion and permanent position if satisfactory. Address, G. B. P. CO., 723 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

The real worth of my $3.00 and $3.50 shoes compared with other makes is $4.00 to $5.00. My $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. Best in the world for men.

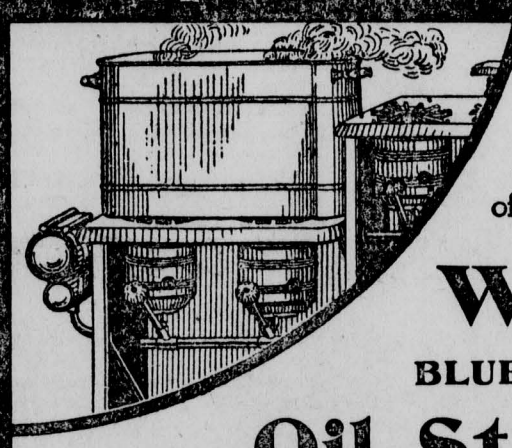
I make and sell more men's fine shoes, Goodyear Welt (Hand-Sewed Process), than any other manufacturer in the world. I will pay $1,000 to any one who can prove that my statement is not true.

(Signed) W. L. Douglas.

Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them; I give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. If he does not keep them and will not get them for you, order direct from factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers. New Spring Catalog free.

Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

FROM WASHDAY



From Monday to Saturday—at every turn in the kitchen work—a Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stove will save labor, time and expense—and keep the cook comfortable. No bulky fuel to prepare or carry, no waiting for the fire to come up or die down; a fraction of the expense of the ordinary stove. A

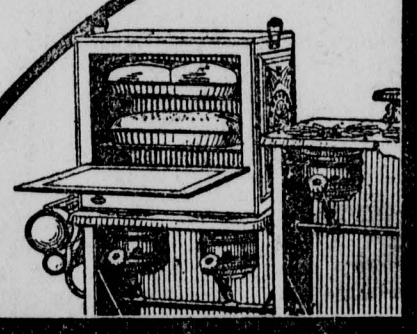
Wickless

BLUE FLAME

Oil Stove

will boil, bake, broil or fry better than a coal stove. It is safe and cleanly—can not become greasy, can not emit any odor. Made in several sizes, from one burner to five. If your dealer *does not* have them, write to nearest agency of

STANDARD OIL COMPANY.



TO BAKING DAY

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE "ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50
THREE MONTHS.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

SHADE GAP.

James Cree was in town on Sunday.

Evans Parson purchased two fine horses last week.

W. C. Locke made a trip to Huntingdon on Saturday.

Jacob Crouse, of Decorum, was in town on Monday.

Henry Flood, of Nossville, was in town on Monday.

Miss Mamie Speck, of Burnt Cabins, was in town on Monday.

Jas. Pyles made a business trip to Shirleysburg Saturday last.

Frank Walters returned on Saturday evening from Mount Union.

We have been having fine spring weather the past week or so.

J. M. Speck and D. M. Bealman made a trip to Shirleysburg on Thursday.

Dr. J. M. Fleming made a business trip to Harrisburg on Thursday last.

Mrs. Rebecca Stitt is recovering slowly after a severe attack of pneumonia.

Wm. G. Piper is repairing W. C. Locke's house inside and putting on a new roof.

Eldie Jones left for Mount Union on Monday, where he expects to find employment.

Miss Mabel Cutshall, of Three Springs, spent a portion of the past week with her uncle, Wilson Locke, of this place.

E. Howard Montgomery, salesman for Montgomery & Co., of Lynchburg, Va., is starting out with a full line of spring goods.

John Woods, of Tell township, went to Mount Union on Saturday to see his son Frank who is lying at the point of death.

Miss Lulu Hudson left on Saturday to spend a month or two with her brother, Elmer A. Hudson, M. D., of Three Springs.

Mrs. Jas. Snyder and daughter, Miss Blanche, returned on Thursday evening after a two weeks' visit with her son, Oran Snyder, of Latrobe.

LATTA GROVE.

Peter Dell is improving some in health but is still confined to his room.

The constable of Cass township called out hands to fight forest fires last Sunday night.

Robert Smith, of Altoona, paid a visit to his many friends here on Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Lottie Butler, of Hill Valley, attended preaching at Latta Grove last Sunday afternoon.

George D. Lynn and Bert Chilcote put up ninety-one panels of fence in one day for Frank Wright.

While David Dell and his son, Alvah, were peeling bark in the wild cat hollow they were attacked by wild cats. Pen Smith being a resolute old dog kept the wild beasts off till they got their day's work done.

I. Newton Querry is having his old house moved. In the knowledge of the writer this house has been standing for more than sixty-one years. Mr. Querry is also having his dwelling enclosed with a fence. Wesley Dell is doing the work.

A monstrous bird made its appearance on the farm of Samuel Bowman last week. It was a strange kind of a fowl and it traveled along the creek. Samuel Bowman, Alva Dell, Ed. Miller and L. R. Bowman each shot eleven times at it with shot guns but failed to bring the bird to a halt. It continued it's way along the water until it reached the farm of L. E. Dell. Mr. Dell, with his old reliable muzzle loading rifle, brought the bird to the ground. It had claws like an eagle, two and one-half inches long, head and bill like a hawk, the bill being five inches long. It measured eleven feet five inches from tip to tip.

CASSVILLE.

"Now house cleaning time is here,
The saddest of the year."

Guy Weaver, of Saltillo, was a visitor in our town over Sabbath.

Dr. McClain moved to his new residence, 528 Water street, on Thursday.

Mrs. S. A. Heaton and daughter, Miss Mame, visited Dr. Heaton, of Saltillo, last week.

Mrs. George Bailey continues quite ill. Her mother has come to spend some time with her.

Rev. N. B. Smith delivered and able and eloquent sermon on Sabbath evening to a large audience.

Mrs. Christina Crotsley died on Sunday at the home of her son, John D. Crotsley, near Saltillo. She was quite aged and in delicate health for some time.

Robert and William Hunter are home for their summer vacation. We understand they are bright students and will soon be able to write D. D. S. after their names.

On Friday, Rev. Smith, Miss Hamilton, Miss McClain, Madison Taylor and Mrs. S. V. Heaton met to arrange a program for the Epworth League convention to be held in Cassville, May 18th. The program will be in the hands of the printer this week.

For more than twelve years your correspondent has sent in items of interest for your columns. In that time not one line has been penned of an unkind or untruthful nature, no word of criticism or injury to any one, nothing to the detriment of our town or the character of its humblest citizen. Of this word we are proud.

Shudders at His Past.

"I recall now with horror," says Mail Carrier Burnett Mann, of Levanna, O., "my three years of suffering from Kidney trouble. I was hardly ever free from bull aches or acute pains in my back. To stoop or lift mail sacks made me groan. I felt tired, worn out, about ready to give up, when I began to use Electric Bitters, but six bottles completely cured me and made me feel like a new man." They're unrivaled to regulate Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed by W. H. Spangler. Only 50 cents.

A teacher in one of the city Sunday schools recently asked the small boys who composed her class what Lot's wife did before she turned into a pillar of salt. She was almost broken up when a ragged little urchin in one of the rear seats shouted: She turned to rubber.

Old Soldier's Experience.

M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Try them. Only 25c at W. H. Spangler's.

A poor family in Boston overlooked a credit of $40 in a saving band in 1830, and the matter was forgotten until 1857, when the accumulated amount was $432.61. It was allowed to remain, and on January 16, 1901, was $1,820.10. The interest allowed has gradually been reduced from 7 to 4 per cent.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Donforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by W. H. Spangler.

"Now, Tommy," said the Sunday school teacher to a member of the juvenile class "which would you rather be, the wheat or the tares?" "The tares," answered Tommy. "Why?" asked the teacher, in surprise. "How can you say that when you know that wheat represents the good and the tares the bad?" "Oh, that's all right," replied the precocious youngster, "the wheat gets thrashed and the tares don't."

If people only knew what we know about Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, it would be used in nearly every household, as there are few people who do not suffer from a feeling of fullness after eating, belching, flatulence, sour stomach or waterbrash, caused by indigestion or dyspepsia. A preparation, such as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, which, with no aid from the stomach, will digest your food, certainly can't help but do you good. W. H. Spangler.

Notice! Taxpayers of Union Township.

The unpaid school taxes for 1900 on the east side of Sideling Hill have been left in the hands of G. Dorsey Wood for collection. He is authorized to receipt for same. Call and settle before June 1st.

B. W. ROLAND, Col.

"I have been suffering from Dyspepsia for the past twenty years and have been unable after trying all preparations and physicians to get any relief. After taking one bottle of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure I found relief and am now in better health than I have been for twenty years. I can not praise Kodol Dyspepsia Cure too highly." Thus writes Mrs. C. W. Roberts, North Creek, Ark. W. H. Spangler.

—Mrs. Margaret McDonald, aged 63, of Rahway, N. J., died from heart failure, on west-bound St. Louis express train while passing Lewistown about 9 o'clock Tuesday night of last week. From what can be ascertained she was en route to San Francisco to surprise her son by meeting him there upon his return from duty as a soldier in the Philippines. The woman took sick before the train arrived at Harrisburg. When there the railroad company's physician gave her medical treatment. She grew worse, however, and died after the train had gone two hours from the capital depot. She was richly dressed and had a pocketbook well filled with money. Before stricken ill she is said to have been in good spirit, delighting in the anticipation of enjoying the journey across the continent and greeting her son upon his arrival in America. Her remains were taken on to Altoona and placed in charge of an undertaker and her friends notified of the sad event.

Mr. W. J. Baxter, of North Brook, N. C., says, he suffered with piles for fifteen years. He tried many remedies with no results until he used DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve and that quickly cured him. W. H. Spangler.

—Mrs. Susan Chilcote, widow of the late Darby Chilcote, died at her home in Lewistown Friday evening, April 19, 1901. She had been confined to her bed for about five weeks from general debility, the result of her advanced age. She was aged 82 years, 9 months and 18 days. Deceased, whose maiden name was Shoop, was a native of Hare's valley and most of her life was spent in this county. About seven years age she went to Lewistown to live and has since resided at that place. The *Free Press* says: "During that time had endeared herself to many of our people by her sweet spirit of cheerfulness and kindly solicitude for the distressed and unfortunate." For fifty-nine years she had been a faithful and conscientious member of the Dunkard church. She is survived by eleven children. They are Abram, a councilman of Lewistown; Thomas, of Philadelphia; Isaac, of Houtzdale; Joseph, of Curwensville; Henry and John, of Cassville; Mrs. Sarah Cornelius, of Lewistown; Mrs. Annie Brewer, of Huntingdon; Mrs. Eliza Stumbaugh, of Portage; Mrs. Lucinda Clayton, of Tuscarora, and Mrs. Jane Price, of Shelby, Ohio. A number of grandchildren and great-grandchildren also survive her. During her recent illness she had been visited by all her children with the exception of Mrs. Price, who has been ill. The remains were brought to Germany valley on Monday afternoon of last week where they were interred.

"Our little girl was unconscious from strangulation during a sudden and terrible attack of croup. I quickly secured a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure, giving her three doses. The croup was mastered and our little darling speedily recovered." So writes, A. L. Spafford, Chester, Mich. W. H. Spangler.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Lewis Myerley, deceased.

Letters of administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to

ISAAC DELL,
Administrator.

Latta Grove, Pa.,
March 28, 1901.

APPLICATION FOR VACANT LAND.

—I hereby give notice that I have filed an application for a warrant for a certain tract of vacant land situate in Union township, Huntingdon county, Pa., bounded by land of Benjamin Quarry's heirs on the east and south, by land of James D. Quarry on the west and by land of A. W. Swope on the north, containing nine acres more or less.

H. H. SWOPE.

Mapleton Depot, Pa.,
April 26, 1901.

Are You Thinking

Of getting married? If you are buy your wedding ring at Zerby's Jewelry Store, 516 Penn strees, Huntingdon, Pa.

Stage - Route

—BETWEEN—

Cassville - and - Mapleton.

The undersigned will run his hack between Cassville and Mapleton on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays leaving Cassville at 7.30 o'clock A. M., and leaving Mapleton at one P. M. unless notified to wait for afternoon trains. The patronage of the public solicited.

J. FRANK PARK.

W. C. WILSON, D. D. S.,

Successor to Dr. G. L. Robb,

509 Washington St., Huntingdon, Pa.

Careful attention given to every branch of the profession. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. For painless extraction, NITROUS OXIDE GAS or LOCAL ANÆSTHETICS administered.

Telephone connection. 8-1-00-tf

Beware of a Cough.

A cough is not a disease but a symptom. Consumption and bronchitis, which are the most dangerous and fatal diseases have for their first indication a persistent cough, and if properly treated as soon as this cough appears are easily cured. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has proven wonderfully successful, and gained its wide reputation and extensive sale by its success in curing the diseases which cause coughing. If it is not beneficial it will not cost you a cent. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following inventories of the goods and chattels set apart to widows under the Act of the 14th day of April, 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, and will be confirmed ni si on May 8, 1901. If no exceptions be filed thereto the same will be confirmed absolutely September 4, 1901.

1. GREEN. Inventory of the personal property of James W. Green, late of Porter township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Charlotte Green.
2. STEWART. Inventory of the personal property of George W. Stewart, late of Cromwell township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Sarah Stewart.
3. GARNER. Inventory of the personal property of Harry Garner, late of Marklesburg borough, deceased, as taken by his widow, Emma M. Garner.
4. HICKES. Inventory of the personal property of John A. Hickes, late of Hopewell township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Jennie Hickes.
5. DONELSON. Inventory of the personal property of Andrew B. Donelson, late of Carbon township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Sarah Donelson.
6. CAMPBELL. Inventory of the personal property of Rev. D. H. Campbell, late of Mount Union borough, deceased, as taken by his widow, Annie H. Campbell.
7. STAINS. Inventory of the personal property of David Stains, late of Springfield township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Catharine Stains.
8. RUBY. Inventory of the personal property of Valentine Ruby, late of Springfield township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Elizabeth Ruby.

Office of Clerk O. C., April 6, 1901. } B. F. GODARD, Clerk Orphans' Court.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's office at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be confirmed nisi May 8, 1901, and absolutely May 13, 1901.

1. NEARHOOF. Account of David Funk, administrator of Catharine Nearhoof, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased.
2. NEFF. First and final account of Henry A. Neff, administrator of the estate of Milton C. Neff, late of Porter township, deceased.
3. NEFF. First and final account of Henry A. Neff, administrator of the estate of Mrs. Elizabeth A. Neff, late of Porter township, deceased.
4. COHENOUR. First and final account of J. A. Rogers, administrator of the estate of Jacob C. Cohenour, late of Cromwell township, deceased.
5. VAUGHN. First and final account of W. A. Vaughn, trustee to sell the real estate of William Vaughn, late of Tell township, deceased, in partition, with distribution annexed.
6. RHODES. First and final account of J. E. Smucker, executor of John Rhodes, deceased, late of the borough of Huntingdon, with distribution annexed.
7. WIBLE. Account of Martha Wible and Porter Wible, administrators of James M. Wible, late of Springfield township, deceased.
8. FOCHT. First and final account of H. H. Summers, administrator d. b. n. of the estate of Rev. Joseph R. Focht, late of the borough of Marklesburg, deceased.
9. FOCHT. First account of H. H. Summers, executor of the estate of Sarah Focht, late of the borough of Marklesburg, deceased, with distribution annexed.
10. BOYER. First and final account of George D. Boyer, executor of the last will of David Boyer, late of Shirleysburg borough, deceased, with distribution annexed.
11. ROBINSON. First account of W. C. Locke and J. F. Schock, executors of Charlotte E. Robinson, late of the borough of Huntingeon, deceased, with distribution annexed.
12. BELLMAN. First and final account of John Phillips, administrator of the estate of Jane E. Bellman, late of Alexandria borough, deceased.
13. WALKER. First and final account of M. N. Walker, administrator of Mary A. Walker, late of Barree township, dec'd.
14. GROVE. The final account of George W. Bridenbaugh, guardian of the personal estate of Harry R. Grove, minor child of Andrew Grove, late of Grafton, Penn township, deceased.
15. SMITH. Final account of Amos L. Smith, administrator of William Smith, deceased.
16. HARNISH. Account of Thomas M. Enyeart, executor of the last will and testament of Sarah Harnish, late of Penn township, deceased.
17. BEIGLE. The second and final account of Joseph Lefford, executor of the last will and testament of Edward Beigle, late of Spruce Creek, Huntingdon county, Pa., deceased.
18. BROWN. First account of Elmer C. Brown, trustee of Lawrence L. Brown, under the will of Samuel T. Brown, deceased.
19. GREGORY. Account of D. Ross Gregory, acting executor of the last will and testament of Samuel Gregory, late of West township, deceased.
20. MILLER. Account of J. C. Jackson, administrator of Dr. Jesse C. Miller, late of Penn township, deceased.
21. BLACK. First and final account of Alexander Denny, surviving executor of David Black, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, with distribution annexed.
22. BELL. First and final account of Annie T. Miller, administratrix of Mary Ann Bell, late of Miller township, deceased, with distribution annexed.

Register's office, April 6, 1901. } B. F. GODARD, Register.

RISES DAILY
In Public Estimation.
THE SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER.

It has won its way around the world on Real Merit.

THE SMITH PREMIER.....

marks the very highest point reached in writing machine mechanism.

It is the most durable writing machine made, and being good at every point in its superior construction does the best work for the longest time and thoroughly satisfies buyer and user.

PRINTED MATTER FREE.

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.

No. 23 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE "ITEM"
$1.00 per Year.

An Impression

Ought to be made upon consumers when they learn the prices at which I am selling goods. Note a few of them:

Rice, 6 and 8 cents
Tomatoes, 10c., or 3 for 25 cents
Canned corn, 8 and 10 cents
Oyster crackers, ginger snaps, nicnacs and lunch cakes, 8 cents
Prunes, 6 cents
Dates, 6 cents
California peaches, 10 cents
Raisins, 10 cents
Apricots, 12 cents
City lard, 10 cents
Country lard, 12 cents

I keep a full line of Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars, Flour, Feed and Cured Meats.

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

Men's rubbers, 75 cents
Women's rubbers, 45 cents
Misses' rubbers, 40 cents
Children's rubbers, 30 cents
Prints, 7 and 8 cents
Lancaster ginghams, 7 cents
Muslin, 6 to 10 cents
Cotton crash, 5 and 6 cents
Linen crash, 10 cents
Sateen, 10 to 14 cents

I have received my stock of SHOES and invite you to call and inspect same and learn prices before buying elsewhere.

A share of your patronage is solicited.

Don't forget the place—opposite the Juniata House.

M. P. Truax.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., May 1, 1901.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MARCH 18, 1901.

	P.M.	Night.	A.M	A.M.	A.M.	P.M*
New York....	8.00	12.15	.....	.....	9.25	.....
Philadelphia.	11.20	4.25	7.12	8.40	12.25	4.26
Washington ...	10.40	.....	.....	7.50	10.50	.....
Baltimore	11.41	4.50	.....	8.40	11.45	.....

	D'ly A.W	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. P. M.	Dly PM.
Harrisburg.....	3.00	8.00	11.48	11.45	3.45	5.00
Rockville	....	8.12	11.59	.....	.....	5.13
Marysville.....	3.14	8.17	12.03	.....	.....	5.18
Duncannon.....	3.29	8.35	12.16	.....	4.10	5.34
Newport	3.52	9.05	12.37	.....	4.30	6.02
Millerstown.		9.15	12.45	.....	.....	6.11
Thompsontown ...		9.26	12.53	.....	.....	6.21
Port Royal.....	4.25	9.44	1.07	.....	4. 57	6.38
Mifflin	4.30	9.50	1.11	.....	5.02	6.43
Lewistown Jc.	4.52	10.13	1.30	1.10	5.22	7.07
McVeytown....	5.15	10.38	1.49	.....	.....	7.30
N. Hamilton...	5.33	11.00	2.06	.....	.....	7.50
Mount Union...	5.39	11.06	2.10	.....	6.03	7.56
Mapleton.	5.45	11.13	2.15	.....	.....	8.02
Huntingdon, ...	6.03	11.32	2.29	2.01	6.22	8.20
Petersburg	6 19	11.47	2.43	.....	.....	8.33
Birmingham ...	6.46	12.13	3.07	h234	16.54	8.56
Tyrone.	6.52	12.20	3.12	2.40	6.59	9.02
Bellwood.....	7.17	12.41	3.29	.....	7.18	9.20
Altoona.....	7.40	1.00	3.45	3.10	7.35	9.35
Pittsburg.....	12.10	5.50	8.40	6.55	11.30	1.50
	P M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M

Harrisburg 10.25, Marysville 10.39, Duncannon 10.51, Newport 11.12, Millerstown, f11.19, Mifflin f11.44, Lewistown Junction 12.02, p. m., Huntingdon 12.58, Tyrone 1.32, Altoona 2.00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m.

"h" stops to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

"r" stops on signal to receive or let off passengers Sundays only.

"l" stops on signal to let off passengers from points east and south of Harrisburg, and to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

Week days	D'ly. A.M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. P.M.	D'ly. P. M.	D'ly P. M.
Pittsburg.....		3.00	8.00		12.45	4.50
Altoona.....	5.00	7.10	11.40	2.05	5.55	9.05
Bellwood.....	5.12	7.25	11.52	2.19	6.10	9.19
Tyrone	5.21	7.43	12.03	2.35	6.27	9.33
Birmingham .	5.28	7.48	g1207	2.40	6.32	x9 38
Petersburg ...	5.45	8.12		3.03	6.56	
Huntingdon....	5.57	8.25	12.35	3.17	7.10	10.12
Mapleton.	6.11	8.42		3.35	7,24	
Mt. Union.....	6.16	8.48	12.54	3.42	7.29	10.32
N. Hamilton ...	6.21	8.53		3.47	7.34	
McVeytown....	6.37	9.10	f1.14	4.08	7.51	
Lewiston Jc....	6.58	9.30	1.33	4.33	8.10	11.16
Mifflin.....	7.18	9.50	1.50	4.55	8.30	11.37
Port Royal.....	7.22	9.54		5.00	8.34	
Thompsontown	7.37	10.09		5.18	8.48	
Millerstown. ...	7.46	10.17		5.28	8.57	
Newport	7.55	10.27	2.24	5.39	9.05	
Duncannon.	8.20	10.49	2.44	6.08	9.29	
Marysville	8.33	11.02	2.56	6.26	9.43	
Rockville.	8.38	11.07		6.32	9.48	
Harrisburg.....	8.50	11.20	3.10	6.45	10.00	1.00

Pittsburg 3.00, Altoona 625, Tyrone 6.47, Huntingdon 7.17, Lewistown Junction 8.05, Harrisburg 9.30 A. M. daily.

	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M	P.M.	A.M.	A.M
Balti	12 10	12.10	*3.11	6 00	9.45	2 30	....
Wahg'tn	1.15	1.15	*4.10	7.15	.....	4.05	....
Phila.....	11.48	12.17	*3.17	6.23	10.20	4.25	4.25
New York	2.13	2 53	*5.53	9.30	3.53	7.13	7.13

Additional trains are run as under:—

Leave Pittsburg 8.30 P. M. daily, Altoona 12.15 A. M., Huntingdon 1.10 A. M.; arrive Harrisburg 3.40 A. M., Philadelphia 6.52 A. M.

Leave Pittsburg 7.30 A. M. daily, Altoona 11.05 A. M., Tyrone 11.30 A. M., Huntingdon 12.03 P. M., Lewistown Junction 1.02 p. m., arrive Harrisburg 2.40 p. m., Philadelhia 5.47 p. m., New York 8.08 p. m., Baltimore 6.00 p. m., Washington 7.15 p. m.

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond. "f" stops on signal only.

"x" stops to discharge passengers from East Liberty, Pittsburg and beyond.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction.--For Sunbury 7.30 A. M. and 3.10 P. M. week days.

For Milroy 7.40, 11.42 A. M. and 3.00 p. M. week days.

At Huntingdon—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.00 A. M. Sundays.

At Tyrone--For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., 3.30 and 7.20 P. M. week days.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 12.30 and 7.15 P. M. week days.

For Scotia 7.50 A.M. and 3.15 P.M. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 26, 1900.

NORTH. Irreg., No. 7.	NORTH. Mail, No.3	NORTH. Mail, No.1	STATIONS.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 2.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 4.	SOUTH. Irreg., No. 6.
p. m.	P.M.	a.m		A. M	p. m.	a. m.
5 00	12 50	6 00	Robertsdale	11 19	6 36	6 50
5 10	1 02	6 12	Cook's	11 04	6 24	6 39
5 22	1 14	6 29	Cole's	10 49	6 12	6 29
5 42	1 42	6 57	Saltillo	10 19	5 42	5 56
5 50	1 50	7 05	Three Springs	10 10	5 21	5 50
6 02	2 03	7 17	*Pogue	9 57	5 07	5 40
6 14	2 18	7 32	Rockhill	9 45	4 44	5 30
	2 35	7 47	Shirley	9 25	4 29	
	2 44	7 57	*Augh. Mills	9 16	4 21	
	3 06	8 20	Mount Union	9 00	4 06	
p. m.	p. m.	a.m		a. m.	p. m.	a. m.

Irregular No. 5 leaves Robertsdale 7.43, Cook's 7.55, Cole's 8:07, Saltillo 8.35, Three Spring 8.43, Pogue 8.55, arrive at Rockhill 9.10 a. m.

Saturday only, No. 7 leaves Robertsdale 3.15, Cook's 3.26, Cole's 3.38, Saltillo 4.02, Three Springs 4.10, Pogue 4.22, arrive at Rockhill 4.35 p. m.

Irregular No. 8 leaves Rockhill 2.20, Pogue 2.32, Three Springs 2.44, Saltillo 2.51, Cole's 3.19, Cook's 3.31, arrive at Robertsdale 3.43 p. m.

Saturday only, Reg. No. 8 leaves Rockhill 1.00, Pogue 1.13, Three Springs 1.25, Saltillo 1.42, Cole's 2.00, Cook's 2.12, arrive at Robertsdale 2.25 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. Irreg., No. 12	WEST. Mail, No. 10	STATIONS.	EAST Irreg., No. 9	EAST Mail, No. 11
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
5 50	7 20	L Rockhill A	6 25	4 55
5 43	7 13	*Blacklog	6 32	5 02
5 35	7 05	*Cedar Rock	6 40	5 10
5 31	7 01	*Locke Vall'y	6 44	5 14
5 25	6 55	*Shade Gap Stair	6 50	5 20
		A Goshorn L		

Mail trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run.

* Flag stations. Beersville changed to Pogue.

A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—Rev. N. B. Smith, of Cassville, was a welcome caller at the ITEM office on Monday.

—LOST—A Wirt fountain pen. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to this office.

—For men's dress suits, shoes, hats shirts, etc., it will pay to go to W. G. Ewing's, Mt. Union, Pa.

—Just received a car load shingle lath, flooring, wainscoting, doors, etc., etc. B. O'Connor & Sons.

—J. O. Heaton, Cassville, Pa., sells and recommends all of Chamberlain's remedies advertised in the ITEM.

—Mrs. T. M. Wood will commence keeping Westbrook's ice cream for sale Saturday evening at her residence.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Long were among the guests at the marriage of a relative at Blandsburg, Cambria county, last week.

—A fine line of furniture, carpets, mattings and all house cleaning goods at reasonably low prices at Kimmels' store, Saltillo.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson Mort, of Atkinson's Mills, spent Sunday in Mapleton, the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Howard Werts.

—At W. G. Ewing's, Mt. Union, you can get dress plaids as low as 5 cents per yard and all wool 36 inch dress goods at 25 cents per yard.

—F. W. Harklerode, of Clay township, was in town on Sunday. He was on his way to the western part of the state where he expects to locate.

—All rubber goods reduced to cost to close out. Have a big lot on hands. Have taken in dry goods and a full line of notions and shoes at Kimmels' store, Saltillo.

—S. W. Kimmel & Sons have two saw mills and plenty of timber at Cole's Summit. Get prices on rough and dry building lumber. Address, S. W. Kimmel & Sons, Saltillo, Pa.

—W. G. Ewing, Mount Union, carries a big line of ladies' dress goods, muslin sheetings, table linens, sheetings, ginghams, plaids. etc., and it will pay to see his goods before purchasing.

—The Pennsylvania Editorial Association will go to Buffalo to attend the Pan-American Exposition for the week beginning June 3. The National Editorial Association will be there the week following.

—Although by the calendar spring should have commenced March 21st, until last Saturday but little evidence of its arrival was visible. Since that time we have been experiencing beautiful spring weather. Vegetation is taking on new foliage and peach, pear and plum trees are in full bloom.

—George Campbell, aged 50 years, of Philadelphia, employed as a foreman on the railroad work at this place was the victim of an accident yesterday at noon. Tuesday night a number of cars had been run over the dump. Campbell and a force of men were drawing them up. The rope broke and the tackle struck Campbell. He sustained a dislocation of the left shoulder, lacerations of the scalp and abrasions of the right hand and forearm. He was removed to the Altoona hospital.

—Biliousness is a condition characterized by a disturbance of the digestive organs. The stomach is debilitated, the liver torpid, the bowels constipated. There is a loathing of food, pains in the bowels, dizziness, coated tongue and vomiting, first of the undigested or partly digested food and then of bile. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets allay the disturbances of the stomach and create a healthy appetite. They also tone up the liver to a healthy action and regulate the bowels. Try them and you are certain to be much pleased with the result. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

—"It is with a good deal of pleasure and satisfaction that I recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Druggist A. W. Sawtelle, of Hartford, Conn. "A lady customer, seeing the remedy exposed for sale on my show case, said to me: 'I really believe that medicine saved my life the past summer while at the shore,' and she became so enthusiastic over its merits that I at once made up my mind to recommend it in the future. Recently a gentleman came into my store so overcome with colic pains that he sank at once to the floor. I gave him a dose of this remedy which helped him. I repeated the dose and in fifteen minutes he left my store smilingly informing me that he felt as well as ever." Sold by J. G. Gillam.

Deeds Entered for Record.

Mary J. Dean and husband to M. D. Ault and wife, property in Miller township. Consideration, $500.00.

Andrew P. Wilson to James Maguire et al., property in Henderson township. Consideration, $800.00.

John P. McCahan, administrator, et al. to James Maguire, property in Henderson township. Consideration, $1250.00.

William McDivit and wife to George G. Couch, property in Henderson township. Consideration, $2050.00

George G. Couch to John W. Mattern, property in Huntingdon. Consideration, $750.00.

Charles V. Sanford and wife to Calvin W. Martin, property in Miller township. Consideration, $1.00.

John C. States and wife to James C. Watson, property in Walker township. Consideration, $1000.00

M. N. Walker, administrator, to Mary E. Walker, property in Barree township. Consideration, $1800.00.

John Ripple and wife to Harbison & Walker, property in Mt. Union. Consideration, $900.00.

Provident B. & L. Association, to Hannah S. Fritchey, property in Smithfield township. Consideration, $1500.00.

S. Emma Ross to Philip Bollinger et al., property in Shirley township. Consideration, $400.00.

John White, Jr., and wife to Mary E. Runk, property in Juniata township. Consideration, $125.00.

Mary Jane Anderson to Thomas Anderson, property in Penn township. Consideration, $1.00.

Dallas Bernhardt and wife to Orlando L. Wible, property in Clay township. Consideration, $2100.00.

John Zentmyer to Porter B. Zentmyer, property in Porter township. Consideration. $4500.00.

Elizabeth Rhea to W. H. Stong, property in Tell township. Consideration, $425.00.

James A. Heffner et al., administrators, to Mary H. Coffman, property in Huntingdon. Consideration, $500.00.

Aaron Kelley to George W. Simpson, property in Brady township. Consideration, $1100.00.

Samuel H. Miller and wife to K. A. Lovell, property in Coalmont. Consideration, $300.00.

J. G. Dell and wife to W. H. Dell, property in Mapleton. Consideration, $650.00.

Isaac M. Neff et al., assignee, to Mary E. Benton, property in Petersburg. Consideration, $650.00.

Ellis G. Eyer et al. to Lewis Eyer, property in Warriorsmark township. Consideration $5000.00.

William P. Grissinger and wife to Daniel R. Gladfelter et al., property in Clay township. Consideration, $400.00.

William J. Ammerman to Estella M. Peterson, property in Broad Top City. Consideration, $1000.00.

Home B. & L. Association to David Ashton, property in Rockhill. Consideration, $300.

Enos O. Rogers, treasure, to The Commissioners of Huntingdon County, property in Barree township. Consideration, $7.17.

William Johnstone and wife to William Harpster, property in Barree township. Consideration, $55.00

Lousia A. Hartman and husband to R. A. Armstrong, property in Logan township. Consideration, $1250.00.

Jonathan Evans to Amos Evans, property in Tod township.

Thomas M. Enyeart, executor, to Henry B. Grove, property in Penn township. Consideration, $400.00.

Annie L. Frank's heirs, to Henry Himes, property in Mount Union. Consideration, $200.00.

R. J. and E. L. Mattern to George Hawn, property in Juniata township. Consideration, $310.00.

Benjamin O'Connor to James F. Swope, property in Union township. Consideration, $500.00.

Philip Brown and wife to Samuel L. Sankey, property in Huntingdon. Consideration, $30.

Gustave Aultman and wife to William Winters, property in Porter township. Consideration, $950.

Henry Taylor and wife to Harbison & Walker Company, property in Union township. Consideration, $200.

Thomas E. Orbison to Elizabeth Wilson, property in Orbisonia. Consideration, $550.

Elizabeth Wilson to Willlam H. Miller, property in Orbisonia. Consideration, $550.

Alice C. Miller, administratrix, to W. F. Miller, property in Orbisonia. Consideration, $450.

W. F. Miller to Alice C. Miller, property in Orbisonia. Consideration, $450.

Skin affections will readily disappear by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Look out for counterfeits. If you get DeWitt's you will get good results. It is the quick and positive cure for piles. W. H. Spangler.

REDUCED RATES TO FREDERICK, MD.

Via Pennsylvania Railroad, Account Centennial Celebration Church of the United Brethren in Christ.

The Centennial Celebration of the Church of the United Brethren in Christ will be held at Frederick, Md., May 10 to 15, 1901. For this occasion the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Frederick on May 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14, good to return until May 15, inclusive, from all stations on the Pennsylvania Railroad Division, Overbrook to Pittsburg, inclusive, except the Schuylkill Division and Frazer Branch; all stations on the Baltimore Division of the Northern Central Railway, Baltimore to Harrisburg, inclusive, and all stations on the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Railroad, Darby to Quantico, inclusive, including all stations on the Delaware Division, *at rate of single fare for the round trip* (minimum rate, 25 cents). 5-1-1t

DeWitt's Little Early Risers search the remotest parts of the bowels and remove the impurities speedily with no discomfort. They are famous for their efficacy. Easy to take, never gripe. W. H. Spangler.

MARRIED.

TAYLOR—LONG—At Mrs. Ruhanna Horton's, April 21, 1901, by Rev. N. B. Smith, Mr. A. Hartman Taylor, of Broad Top City, and Miss Jessie E. Long, of Carbon township, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania.

WM. REED & SONS

Spring is fairly upon us—with all its wants and necessities. All our lines are most complete and well assorted. We've made great efforts for this spring's selling, as both stocks and sales show. We think a friendly interest in this store will pay you.

SHIRT WAISTS

The new waists are here in greatest variety. At 39 cents we show a fine, well made waist of remarkably pretty materials.

At 50 cents we offer splendid percale waists trimmed with two rows of pretty insertion.

The waists at $1.00 and $1.50 are superb in style and quality.

White waists of exclusive styles are 75 cents to $3.00.

NECKWEAR

The new effects in neckwear for the new waists are now in. We've made a special effort to show fine values at 25 cents.

WASH GOODS

Exclusiveness dominates the cheap as well as the fine goods in this stock. Every style is good whether it be in a 5-cent Scotch Lawn or 40-cent tissue.

Bamboo Porch Screens 6x9 are $1 Complete

This store is strong in the little things which one is apt to forget. We keep only standard articles of known merit.

We watch carefully the advertisements of the best stores and have never seen standard notions advertised at prices less than ours.

You can send your children here to buy with perfect confidence.

Wm Reed & Sons,

Huntingdon, Pa.

The Best Advertisement

We Can Have Is a Well Satisfied Customer × × × × × ×

WE have many of them—permanent patrons—but we still have room for more. RUNNING IN A RUT means selling old things to people who want new things. We keep from buying "stickers." We are constantly buying NEW GOODS—up-to-date goods. We let careless merchants handle shoddy good—goods people don't want.

We Quote a Few Prices:

Line of Cakes - - -	5c per pound
Finest Rolled Oats - - -	3 lb for 10 cents
Fancy California Prunes - -	5c per pound
Rio Roasted Coffee - -	14c per pound
Corn Starch - - -	3 lb for 10 cents
a nned Goods -	4 cans for 25c and upwards

Hats and Caps, Clothing, Wall Paper, etc. Every line full and prices lowest.

Visit us. Satisfy yourself.

J. G. GILLAM.

I admit of no superiors —and— Acknowledge no equals in

MY MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF NEW STYLES

My store is filled to the uttermost with a choice line of carefully selected bargains in

Ladies', Gents', Misses' & Children's Up-to-date Footwear

All of the prevailing styles in assortment complete, specially purchased to meet the known wants of this community

My Prices { are of uniformly low grade / never equaled / do my talking / cannot be copied by would-be competitors / makes my business which talks for itself

If you want Superior Goods marvelously cheap, Visit

J. C. HAZLETT, Huntingdon, Pa.

Found!

At Yocum's.

Felt Window Shades, 10 cents; Carpet Beaters, 10 cents.

A line of Wall Scrub, shoe and small brushes, a nice assortment of mirrors.

Parties furnishing house should examine this stock for you can get what you need.

Yocum's

Fifth Street, Above Postoffice, HUNTINGDON, PA.

J. L. HOUCK.

Christmas Money

Will go further here and secure for you choice gifts. Our holiday assortment is large and consists of latest novelties, viz:

CHINA & PORCELAIN WARE, JUVENILE SETS, TOILET CASES, STATIONERY BOOKS, FANCY GOODS, HANDKERCHIEFS, MUFFLERS, GLOVES, UMBRELLAS, FANCY NECKWEAR, SUSPENDERS, TABLE COVERS, CHRISTMAS CARDS.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

We invite special attention to our large line of Felt Boots, Lumbermen's Combinations and Rubber Goods. In this line we handle only *Firsts* at prices you pay for seconds elsewhere. Also complete line

HATS, CAPS, UNDERWEAR, DRY GOODS, BLANKETS & COMFORTS, NOTIONS, GROCERIES, TINWARE, ETC.

We believe you will find to your advantage to trade with us.

J. L. Houck,

Cassville, Pa.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: Lessons Drawn From the Natural World — The Ant as a Teacher — God Regulates the Ant Hill as Well as the Human Habitation.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage draws his illustrations from a realm seldom utilized for moral and religious purposes; text, Proverbs vi, 6-8: "Go to the ant, thou sluggard. Consider her ways and be wise, which, having no guide, overseer or ruler, provideth her meat in the summer and gathereth her food in the harvest."

The most of Solomon's writings have perished. They have gone out of existence as thoroughly as the twenty books of Pliny and most of the books of Aeschylus and Euripides and Varro and Quintilian. Solomon's Song and Ecclesiastes and Proverbs, preserved by inspiration, are a small part of his voluminous productions. He was a great scientist. One verse in the Bible suggests that he was a botanist, a zoologist, an ornithlologist, an ichthyologist and knew all about reptilia. I Kings iv, 33, "He spake of trees, from the cedar tree that is in Lebanon even unto the hyssop that springeth out of the wall; he spake also of beasts and of fowl and of creeping things and of fishes." Besides all these scientific works he composed 3000 proverbs and 1005 songs.

Although Solomon lived long before the microscope was constructed he was also an insectologist, and watched and describes the spider build its suspension bridge of silk from tree to tree, calling it the spider's web, and he notices its skilful foothold in climbing the smooth wall of the throneroom in Jerusalem, saying, "The spider taketh hold with her hands and is in kings' palaces." But he is especially interested in the ant, and recommends its habits as worthy of study and imitation, saying, "Go to the ant, thou sluggard, consider her ways and be wise, which, having no guide, overseer or ruler, provideth her meat in the summer and gathereth her food in the harvest."

But it was not until about 300 years ago, when Jan Swammerdam, the son of an apothecary at Amsterdam, Holland, began the study of the ant under powerful lens, that the full force of Solomon's injunction was understood. The great Dutch scientist in his examination of the insect in my text discovered as great display of the wisdom of God in its anatomy as astronomers discover in the heavens, and was so absorbed and wrought upon by the wonders he discovered in the ant and other insects that body and mind gave way, and he expired at forty-three years of age, a martyr of the great science of insectology.

No one but God could have fashioned the insect spoken of in the text or given it such genius of instinct—its wisdom for harvesting at the right time, its wonders of antennae, by which it gathers food, and of mandibles, which, instead of the motion of the human jaw up and down in mastication, move from side to side; its nervous system, its enlarging doors in hot weather for more sweep of breeze, its mode of attack and defense, closing the gate at night against bandit invaders; its purification of the earth for human residence, its social life, its republican government with the consent of the governed, its natural fidelities, the habit of these creatures of gathering now and then under the dome of the ant hillock seemingly in consultation and then departing to execute their different missions.

But Solomon would not commend all the habits of the ant, for some of them are as bad as some of the habits of the human race. Some of these small creatures are desperadoes and murderers. Now and then they marshal themselves into hosts and march in straight line and come upon an encampment of their own race and destroy its occupants, except the young, whom they carry into captivity, and if the army come back without any such captives they are not permitted to enter, but are sent forth to make more successful conquest. Solomon gives no commendation to such sanguinary behavior among insects any more than he would have commended sanguinary behavior among men.

But what are the habits which Solomon would enjoin when he says, "consider her ways and be wise?" First of all, providence, forethought, anticipation of coming necessities. I am sorry to say these qualities are not characteristic of all the ants. These creatures of God are divided into granivorous and carnivorous. The latter are not frugal, but the former are frugal. While the air is warm and moving about is not hindered by ice or snowbank, they import their cargoes of food. They bring in their caravan of provision; they haul in their long train of wheat or corn or oats. The farmers are not more busy in July and August in reaping their harvest. They stack them away, they pile them up. They question when they have enough. They aggregate a sufficient amount to last them until the next warm season. When winter opens they are ready.

Blow ye wintry blasts! Hang your icicles from the tree branches! Imbed all the highways under snowdrifts! Enough for all the denizens of the hills. Hunger shut out, and plenty sits within. God, who feedeth every living thing, has blessed the ant hill.

In contrast with that insectile behavior what do you think of that large number of prosperous men and women who live up to every dollar that they make, raising their families in luxurious habits and at death expecting some kind friend to give their daughters employment as music teachers or typewriters or Government employes? Such parents have no right to children. Every neighborhood has specimens of such improvidence. The two words that most strike me in the text are "summer" and "winter." Some people have no summer in their lives. From the rocking cradle to the still grave it is relentless January. Invalid infancy followed by some crippling accident or dimness of eyesight or dullness of hearing or privation or disaster or unfortunate environment makes life a perpetual winter. But in most lives there is a period of summer, although it may be a short summer, and that is the time to provide for the future.

One of the best ways of insuring the future is to put aside all you can for charitable provision. You put a crumbling stone in the foundation of your fortune if you do not in your plans regard the sufferings that you may alleviate. You will have the pledge of the high heavens for your temporal welfare when you help the helpless, for the promise is "Blessed is he that considereth the poor; the Lord will deliver him in time of trouble."

Then there is another way of providing for the future. If you have $1000 a year income, save $100; or $2000 a year, save $500; or $3000, save $1000. Do you say such economy is meanness? I say it is a vaster meanness for you to make no provision for the future and compel your friends or the world to take care of you or yours in case of bereavement or calamity.

There are women who at the first increase of their husband's resources wreck all on an extravagant wardrobe. There are men who at the prospect of larger prosperity build houses they will never be able to pay for. There are people with $4000 a year income who have not one dollar laid up for a rainy day. It is a ghastly dishonesty practiced on the next generation. Such men deserve bankruptcy and impoverishment. In almost every man's life there comes a winter of cold misfortune. Prepare for it while you may. Whose thermometer has not sometimes stood below zero? What ship has never been caught in a storm? What regiment at the front never got into a battle? Have at least as much foresight as the insectile world.

Examine the pantries of the ant hills in this weather, and you will find that last summer's supply is not yet exhausted. Examine them next July and you will find them being replenished. "Go to the ant, thou sluggard. Consider her ways and be wise, which, having no guide, overseer or ruler, provideth her meat in the summer and gathereth her food in the harvest."

This is no argument for miserliness. Avarice and penuriousness destroy a man about as soon as any of the other vices. We have heard of those who entered their iron money vault for business purposes, and the door accidentally shut, and they were suffocated, their corpse not discovered until the next day. But every day and all up and down the streets of our cities there are men, body, mind and soul, forever fast in their own money vaults. Accumulation of bonds, mortgages and Government securities and town lots and big farms just for the pleasure of accumulation is despicable, but the putting aside of a surplus for your self defense when your brain has halted, or your right hand has forgotten its cunning, or your old age needs a manservant, or for the support of others when you can no more be a breadwinner for your household—that is right, that is beautiful, that is Christian, that is divinely approved. That shows that you have taken Solomon's ant hill for an object lesson. Going out of this world without leaving a dollar for those who remain behind, if you have done your best, you have a right to put your head in calm confidence on the pillow which Jeremiah shook up in the forty-ninth chapter of his prophecy, "Leave thy fatherless children. I will preserve them alive, and let thy widows trust in Me."

The needle has its office as certainly as the telescope and the spade as a parliamentarian scroll. You know what became of the man in the parable of the talents, who buried the one talent instead of putting it to practical and accumulative use. His apology was of no avail.

Persistence is the lesson of every ant hill. Waste not a moment in useless regrets or unhealthy repining. Men fret themselves down, but no man ever yet fretted himself up. Make the obstacles in your way your coadjutors, as all those have who have accomplished anything worth accomplishment.

When during the plague in London, at the risk of his life and under the protest of his friends, Rev. Thomas Vincent spent his time preaching the gospel to the sufferers and 68,506 people perished, seven fatalities in the house where he lived, did it just happen so that he came through unhurt? In Fulton street prayer meeting, New York, a young man rose and said: "I have been an infidel fourteen years. I had the prayers of a pious mother, but I spurned them. I have not seen her for fifteen years. I suppose she has given me up as lost. I don't know where to find her, but I would like to tell her what the Lord has done for me in answer to her earnest prayers." Did it just happen so that his mother was present and cried out, "Oh, my son, my son?" You know of the glorious Christian work in Japan, but do you know how it began? A New Testament was dropped from an English ship in the harbor of Tokyo. The little book came into the hands of a prominent Japanese, who read it and was brought to God, and immediately began to commend Christ to the people. Did all that merely happen so? Tell that to those who do not believe there is a God, but do not tell it to at least a hundred of us who have had in our own lives providential rescues as easily proved as that we have ever lived at all.

But we live in times where there are so many clashings. There seems almost universal unrest. Large fortunes swallow up small fortunes. Civilized nations trying to gobble up barbaric nations. Upheaval of creeds, and people who once believed everything now believing nothing. The old book that Moses began and St. John ended bombarded from scientific observatories and college class-rooms. Amid all this disturbance and uncertainty that which many good people need is not a stimulus, but a sedative, and in my text I find it—divine observation and guidance of minutest affairs. And nothing is to God large or small, planet or ant hill, the God who easily made the worlds employing His infinity in the wondrous construction of a spider's foot.

Before we leave this subject let us thank God for those who were willing to endure the fatigues and self sacrifices necessary to make revelation of the natural world, so re-enforcing the Scriptures. If the microscope could speak, what a story it could tell of hardship and poverty and suffering and perseverance on the part of those who employed it for important discovery. It would tell of the blinded eyes of M. Strauss, of the Hubers and of scores of those who, after inspecting the minute objects of God's creation, staggered out from their cabinets with vision destroyed. This hour in many a professor's study the work of putting eyesight on the altar of science is going on. And what greater loss can one suffer than the loss of eyesight unless it be loss of reason? While the telescope is reaching further up and the microscope is reaching further down, both are exclaiming: "There is a God, and He is infinitely wise and infinitely good! Worship Him and worship Him forever!"

And now I bethink myself of the fact that we are close to a season of the year which will allow us to be more out of doors and to confront the lessons of the natural world, and there are voices that seem to say, "Go to the ant; go to the bird; go to the flowers; go to the fields; go to the waters." Listen to the cantatas that drop from the gallery of the tree tops. Notice in the path where you walk the lessons of industry and divine guidance. Make natural religion a commentary on revealed religion. Put the glow of sunrise and sunset into your spiritual experiences. Let every star speak of the morning star of the Redeemer and every aromatic bloom make you think of Him who is the Rose of Sharon and the Lily of the Valley, and every overhanging cliff remind you of the rock of ages, and every morning suggest the "day spring from on high, which giveth light to those who are in darkness," and even the little hillock built by the roadside or in the fields remind you of the wisdom of imitating in temporal and spiritual things the insectile forethought, "which, having no guide, overseer or ruler, provideth her meat in the summer and gathereth her food in the harvest."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR MAY 5.

Subject: Jesus and Peter, John xxi., 15-22—Golden Text, John xxi., 17—Memory Verses, 15-17 — Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

15. "When they had dined." Eating together was a token of fellowship and here shows Jesus's perfect reconciliation to all His disciples. "Simon, son of Jonas." He does not call him Cephas, or Peter, the name He had given him, for he had lost the credit of his strength and stability which those names signified. By thus addressing him it would the more affect him and bring vividly before him his denial. "Lovest thou Me?" There were special reasons why this question should be put to Peter. (1) He had denied his love for Christ and there was reason for Christ to suspect his love. (2) He must learn that love for Christ is the thing most commendable and the surest proof of penitence. There is a curious change of terms here, and, if we would fully understand this passage, it is necessary to call attention to some of the delicate shades of meaning in the Greek, which do not appear in our English translations. Jesus uses the word love three times in His questions, and Peter uses it three times in his answers; but in the original the word which Jesus uses in His first two questions (agapao) is a different word from that which Peter uses (phileo) in all his answers. In the third asking Jesus uses Peter's word. "More than these." That is, more than these other disciples love Me. He had declared, "Though all men shall be offended because of Thee, yet will I never be offended." Christ would now hear his present testimony. Others think that by "more than these," Jesus meant the boat, nets and fish—in fact, his business. Whether Christ meant this or not, it should be remembered that if our love for Christ is perfect, we will love Him more than we love our earthly possessions. "Thou knowest that I love Thee." He could not only profess love to Christ, but he could tell Him that He knew that there was love in his heart. He was confident that Jesus knew that he loved Him. "Feed My lambs." This is a commission to give spiritual food to the youngest and weakest in the flock of Christ.

16. "Feed My sheep." Here He uses a word which signifies to tend a flock, not only to feed, but to take care of, guide, govern, defend, etc., by which He seems to intimate that it is not sufficient merely to offer the bread of life to the congregation of the Lord, but he must take care that the sheep be properly collected, attended to, regulated and guided.

17. "The third time." The three questions could not but recall the three denials, and the form of the last question could not but vividly bring back the thought of the failure of personal devotion at the moment of trial. "Lovest thou Me?" This time Jesus uses Peter's word for love. "Was grieved." Because He pressed the question the third time and thus called attention to his failure,, and because in changing the word he had used for love He seemed to imply a doubt of his love. It has been suggested that Peter feared lest Christ still saw something wrong in his heart that would lead to another fall. "Thou knowest all things." He was sure of Christ's perfect knowledge, and humbly appeals to Him for proof of his love. "Feed My sheep." Still another word is used here by Christ to represent the flock committed to Peter's care, which means "little sheep;" "the sheeplings," the tender and delicate that needed special care. The purpose of these questions seems to have been, 1, To show Peter that Jesus knew his failures and heartily forgave them. 2, To guard him against his natural self-confidence lest he should again fall. 3, To show his brethren that he was fully restored. 4, To set clearly before him the great work he was to do. 5, To impress upon him that only in deep and earnest love to Jesus could he do this work.

18. "Verily, verily." These words express the truthfulness and unchangeableness of what is to follow. "When thou wast young," etc. Peter must have been about middle life. He now went where he chose to go, but the time would come when he would be carried by others. This forecast of Peter's future seems to have been for the purpose of encouraging him by the assurance that, however he may have failed in the past, he would henceforth go on boldly, even to crucifixion. "Shall be old." Peter lived thirty-six years after this, and was crucified at Rome about the year 66 A. D. "Another shall gird thee." Such as were condemned to be crucified were tied to the cross until the nails were driven. "Wouldest not." While Peter was willing to die for Christ, yet he was a man and would naturally shink from the torture of the cross. Ancient writers state, however, that he considered it such a glorious thing to die for Christ, that "he begged to be crucified with his head downward, not thinking himself worthy to die in the same posture in which his Lord did."

19. "Glorify God." The good man glorifies God in his death as well as in his life. Psa. 116: 15; Phil. 1: 20. In an especial manner did the death of the martyrs glorify God; for they gave their lives in defense of the truth. "Follow Me." Jesus probably desired to take Peter aside for the purpose of speaking privately with him. Many think that Christ meant by this that Peter was to follow Him to the "cross."

20. "Seeth the disciple." That is, Peter turned about and saw John, the author of this gospel, following. "Which also leaned," etc. See John 13: 21-25.

21. "What shall this man do?" "And this man what?" R. V. margin. What is to become of him? Must he partake of like sufferings, and testify his love by dying for Thee? This question, although dictated by love, should not have been asked. To Peter it was given to know what manner of death he was to die, but it would not be best that this should be known in the case of every disciple or apostle.

22. "That he tarry till I come." There is great difference of opinion as to Christ's meaning. By the words, "till I come," did Jesus mean His second coming, and that John was never to die; or His coming to destroy Jerusalem; or did He mean that John was to remain at that place until He and Peter returned from a private interview? John lived for many years after the destruction of Jerusalem, and was the only one of the apostles who did not die a violent death. The disciples themselves understood that Jesus meant that John should not die. V. 23. Who can say when or how he died? St. John himself, at the time of writing this gospel, seems not to have known clearly whether he should die or not; he merely stated what Jesus had said, and if he understood he did not think it proper to explain. John Wesley thinks John was translated.

Forests in the Philippines.

It is estimated that the forests of the Philippine Islands cover an area of about 40,000,000 acres.

The Nile is noted for the variety of its fish. An expedition sent by the British Museum brought home 2200 specimens.

Out of thirty-four towns in England and Wales one-third maintain one or more public baths. They are crowded by factory and shop hands.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease,
A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

In the eighteen century silken cocoons sold in the London market for one shilling per pound.

"Now Dont Get the Blues."

When a cheerful, brave and light-hearted woman is suddenly plunged into that perfection of misery, the blues, it is a sad picture.

It is usually this way:

She has been feeling out of sorts for some time, experiencing severe headache and backache; sleeps very poorly and is exceedingly nervous.

Sometimes she is nearly overcome by faintness, dizziness, and palpitation of the heart; then that bearing-down feeling is dreadfully wearing.

Her husband says, "Now, don't get the blues! You will be all right after you have taken the doctor's medicine."

But she does not get all right. She grows worse day by day, until all at once she realizes that a distressing female complaint is established.

Her doctor has made a mistake.

She loses faith; hope vanishes; then comes the morbid, melancholy, everlasting blues. She should have been told just what the trouble was, but probably she withheld some information from the doctor, who, therefore, is unable to accurately locate her particular illness.

Mrs. Pinkham has relieved thousands of women from just this kind of trouble, and now retains their grateful letters in her library as proof of the great assistance she has rendered them. This same assistance awaits every sick woman in the land.

Mrs. Winifred Allender's Letter.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to write and tell you of the benefit I have received from your wonderful remedies. Before taking **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** I was a misery to myself and every one around me. I suffered terrible pain in my back, head, and right side, was very nervous, would cry for hours. Menses would appear sometimes in two weeks, then again not for three or four months. I was so tired and weak, could not sleep nights, sharp pains would dart through my heart that would almost cause me to fall.

"My mother coaxed me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I had no faith in it, but to please her I did so. The first bottle helped me so much that I continued its use. I am now well and weigh more than I ever did in my life."—MRS. WINIFRED ALLENDER, Farmington, Ill.

$5000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who can show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

Ready to Instruct.

It's one of the curious things in life that the persons who know the least are generally the most ready to instruct others. There was a little old lady in the dining room of a hotel lately, who called the waiter "Sir" when she spoke to him, and who greatly scandalized the smartly dressed persons with her by cutting her lettuce into inch bits and tilting her soup plate to get the last drop of the liquid it contained. No one noticed her particularly until just before the meal ended, when a remark she made attracted the general attention. It was a very innocent remark, too, for surely we ought all to be allowed to have our preferences, but her voice was so clear that it rang out over the dining room.

"Sir," she said, with dignity, to the waiter, "Sir, please bring me a spoon for my custard pie. I always eat custard pie with a spoon; it's mince that you eat with a knife," she added, explanatorily to the woman next her, and then she finished her meal calmly and apparently entirely oblivious of the shocked faces of her own table and the amused ones at those near by. Waverley Magazine.

DON'T RUIN YOUR STOMACH WITH MEDICINE.

Hunyadi János

IS A NATURAL LAXATIVE MINERAL WATER.

Endorsed and used by the most prominent physicians in the world as the best and safest remedy for disordered stomach, biliousness, liver troubles, gout and rheumatism.

It Cures Constipation!

Take one-half glassful on arising in the morning and you will feel the remarkable effects in half an hour.

ASK For the full name "Hunyadi János." | **LOOK** at the label. Blue with Red Centre Panel.

Sole Exporter, Firm of Andreas Saxlehner, 130 Fulton St., N.Y.

LAST WORDS TO CUBANS

The Delegates Have a Decisive Talk With President McKinley.

TRADE RELATIONS DISCUSSED

The Cuban Delegates Complete Their Labors—They Make a Final Plea For Reciprocity—The President Promises to Appoint a Commission as Soon as the Government is Organized.

Washington, D. C.—The Cuban delegation completed its labors in Washington on Saturday. In the morning the delegates met Secretary Root, who escorted them to the White House, where they had a final and decisive talk with President McKinley. Then they paid a visit of courtesy to all the officials whom they have met, and finally they started for New York City, homeward bound.

The proceedings at the White House were interesting and important. Senor Capote acted as spokesman for the delegation. He thanked the President for the many courtesies shown them, which they accepted as expressions of good will to the Cuban people. He invited the President to visit Cuba, to see for himself the conditions in the island, and learn from contact with the inhabitants of the love and affection which the Cubans have for the United States, and their appreciation of what has been done for them by this Government in their struggle for freedom.

Senor Capote asked the President to do something for the Cubans upon an economic line, especially in the matter of reciprocal trade relations. He said that it was especially desirable to have something of this kind done before the next crop was harvested, in order that the Cubans might realize the advantages to them of closer political and economic relations with the United States.

In reply the President said it was impossible to settle the economic questions until the political questions were disposed of. He told the delegates to first form their Government, and then they would be in a position to enter into negotiations with the United States as to trade relations.

Senor Capote responded that something ought to be done while the Cuban Government was forming. He thought that, while the United States was exercising control, there might be arrangements perfected similar to those under contemplation by the Secretary of War in 1898, when the Government first passed under control of the United States. He told the President that the Cuban Republic did not wish to be born in poverty and rags, and if it could not be wealthy, it would at least prefer to have something with which to support itself, and to have its people in prosperous conditions, or with prosperous conditions before them.

The President again reverted to the fact that under the present conditions, as the Secretary of War had advised them, he did not see how it was possible to settle any economic questions before the Cuban Government was formed. He would appoint Commissioners immediately after a Government was organized to negotiate with similiar Commissioners from the Cuban Government for reciprocal trade relations, and he believed that the United States would be ready to deal in a manner which would be beneficial to both countries. He thanked the delegation for the invitation to visit the island, and told them to assure the Cuban people of his friendly interest in them and his desire to see them contented and prosperous.

Senor Capote later said to a reporter: "We have concluded our business here. We have had two interviews with the President and four with the Secretary of War, during which all matters that we came here to discuss have had the fullest and most minute consideration. We came to consider the relations between Cuba and the United States and these, both political and economical, have had the most careful attention. We return to Cuba, and will deliver to the Constitutional Convention all the information we have obtained, information which is highly important and interesting."

General Wood had an hour's talk with the President before his departure. He did not care to speak for publication or give his opinion of the result of the visit of the Cuban Commission.

There is a general impression among those who have been in close touch with the Cuban delegates that they will recommend the acceptance of the Platt amendment by the Constitutional Convention when they return to Havana. Secretary Root has made it plain to them that the amendment is the United States policy.

STUDENT KILLED ON A STAGE.

Loaded Pistol Used Accidentally in a Play Given at Burnsville, N. C.

Burnsville, N. C.—While playing the tragedy "Last Upon the World," in the closing exercises of the Stanley McCormick High School, a real tragedy was enacted, when R. N. McInturf, one of the students, was shot and killed by Baccus Bailey, another student, both representing characters in the play.

When it became necessary for Bailey in his role to defend himself with a revolver against a drawn knife in the hands of McInturf, he used by mistake a loaded pistol instead of the one with blanks, and in the presence of several hundred people McInturf was shot dead on the stage. The boys were roommates and special friends.

JURY ACQUITS CALLAHAN

Says He Had No Part in the Kidnaping of Young Cudahy.

Court Rebukes the Jury For Its Action—Chief Donohue Says Case Against Crowe is Weakened.

Omaha, Neb.—After considering over night the guilt or innocence of James Callahan, the jury announced that he was not guilty of complicity in the kidnaping of Edward Cudahy, Jr. The verdict was an evident surprise to the Court, and Judge Baker expressed his disgust in emphatic terms.

Callahan was arrested on two other counts, which the State is not now prepared to say will be made use of, as no new evidence is at hand, and the expense of going over the ground again is considerable.

The jury notified Judge Baker at 9 o'clock a. m. that it had settled upon a verdict, and the news spread among attorneys and interested persons, so that an audience of fifty awaited the twelve men as they filed into the courtroom.

Callahan's face was a blank as he watched the verdict unfolded and read. As the words "Not guilty" were pronounced, however, Callahan half rose to his feet, his lips parted in a smile, and he turned his eyes gratefully toward the jury.

Judge Baker studied the wording of the verdict for several minutes in silence, as if he doubted the evidence of his ears. Then, addressing the jury, he rebuked them in most vigorous terms.

"If Callahan had made his own choice of a jury," the Court said, "he could not have selected twelve men who would have served him more faithfully. If the State for its part had made the selection, I know of no men it could have named who could have been less careful of its interests. The jury is discharged without the compliments of the Court, and the prisoner is likewise turned loose as to this trial, I presume to continue the criminal practices in which you have failed to check him. I do not know what motive actuated you in reaching this decision, but I hope none of you will ever appear again in this jury box."

The jury evidently was ill at ease during this arraignment, but did not make any response, and filed rapidly from the box as soon as it was at liberty. In the hallway Callahan mumbled his thanks and shook the jurymen's hands.

Chief of Police Donohue says he will urge Mr. Cudahy to at once withdraw the proffered reward of $5000 for the apprehension of Pat Crowe.

"Crowe might easily make an appearance and claim the reward himself," said Chief Donohue, "as the evidence against him is no more direct than that against Callahan. In my eighteen years of experience with criminals I have never heard more absolutely convincing evidence than that presented against Callahan. There was not a single flaw in the testimony, and the evidence of guilt was overwhelming.

"From the information I have secured as to the sentiment of the jury, I believe that its decision was based largely on the theory that the victim of the affair was a wealthy man, and as such is able to suffer. Two of the jurors, I am informed, expressed their opinion that no kidnaping had occurred, and they had taken their oath as jurors with this conviction in their minds.

"The $50,000 offered for the conviction of the three men concerned in the crime, however, will stand."

PLEAD FOR FORMER SULTAN.

Turks Ask Aid in Effecting His Release From a Living Grave.

Paris, France.—The French League of the Rights of Man has received a letter from the Ottoman Liberal Committee in Constantinople appealing to the league to take up the propaganda for the release of former Sultan Mourad, who was deposed on August 31, 1876, on grounds of ill-health and mental incapacity.

The committee proceeds, in part, as follows:

"The deposed Sultan is undergoing a martyrdom in prison in Tchiragan more cruel than the sufferings of the victim of Devil's Island. He was imprisoned on the pretext of madness. He has not seen a human face, except that of his jailer, for twenty-five years, nor a letter, a newspaper or book. He is not allowed to leave his rooms, and thus is buried in a living grave."

The committee urges that, if he is really deranged, he should be treated scientifically.

KAISER TO AVENGE SUBJECT.

Sends Expedition to Punish Natives Who Killed Wealthy German.

Sydney, N. S. W.—Herr Mercke, a German millionaire, who was cruising in his yacht, and Herr Caro, his private secretary, recently were murdered by natives of the island of New Britain, off the northeast coast of Papau. Herr Caro's body was eaten.

Berlin, Germany.—Emperor William has ordered Captain Passchew of the German second-class cruiser Hansa to command a punitive expedition from China to avenge the murder of Herr Mercke.

The Disaster at Griesheim.

An official return from Griesheim, near Frankfort, Germany, shows that seventeen persons are dead and forty injured as the result of the explosion and fire near there.

The Biggest Emerald.

The Duke of Devonshire owns the biggest emerald in the world. It is known as the Devonshire emerald, and was purchased by the present Duke's father from Don Pedro. As of late years this stone has become the rarest of gems, the Devonshire emerald, measuring two inches in diameter and of the finest color, is of fabulous value.

Lane's Family Medicine
Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50 cents.

Few people realize the immense traffic of the Brooklyn bridge. Not less than 75,000,000 people cross it during the year, most of them on the trolley cars, which run at half-minute intervals. The terminus of nearly all the Brooklyn street railways is now on the New York side of the bridge, so that it is unnecessary for their patrons to change cars upon reaching the Brooklyn side, and the same plan will be adopted for the new bridge.

A Poor Woman

has just as much right to good health as a rich woman. Dr. Greene offers free of charge to every woman, the advice that leads to health and strength. Write to him at 35 W. 14th St., New York City, and tell him all about your weakness. The special advice of the discoverer of Dr. Greene's Nervura cannot be bought for money, but it will be given to you free if you will write.

N Y--18

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

MALARO—Sure cure for Malaria, Chills and Fever; no bad after effects as from Quinine; purely vegetable; harmless. By mail, 50c per box. Stamps, P. O. or Express Money Order. To be had only from Dr. D. F. HAHN, 236 W. 46th St., New York.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

In our Roasting Establishments we positively do not allow the use of **Eggs, Egg Mixtures, Glue, Chemicals,** or similar substances. **LION COFFEE** is an absolutely Pure Coffee.

Watch our next advertisement.

Just try a package of **LION COFFEE** and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

LION COFFEE is now used in millions of homes.

"Good Thing For All Folks At Home."
(Written to the Music of the "Suwanee River.")

Where'er you go throughout this nation—
North, south, east, west—
There's people drinking LION COFFEE—
Brand that is surely best.
All the world loves LION COFFEE,
Wheresoe'er you roam,
Old and young admire its wholesome flavor—
Good thing for all folks at home!

LION COFFEE has not any glazing,
Nor any coat.
But it has got a strength amazing
And it will health promote.
All the world loves LION COFFEE,
Wheresoe'er you roam,
Sweet and fragrant is its fine aroma—
Good thing for all folks at home!

LION COFFEE is in one-pound package,
Sold in the bean,
Lion head is seen on ev'ry wrapper—
Premium List is inside seen.
All the world loves LION COFFEE,
Wheresoe'er you roam,
And the presents that are given with it—
Good things for every home!

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

He thinks he lives, but he's a dead one. No person is really alive whose liver is dead. During the winter most people spend nearly all their time in warm, stuffy houses or offices or workshops. Many don't get as much exercise as they ought, and everybody knows that people gain weight in winter. As a rule it is not sound weight, but means a lot of flabby fat and useless, rotting matter staying in the body when it ought to have been driven out. But the liver was overburdened, deadened—stopped work. There you are, with a dead liver, and right now is the time for resurrection. Wake up the dead! Get all the filth out of your system, and get ready for the summer's trials with clean, clear blood, body, brain free from bile. Force is dangerous and destructive unless used in a gentle persuasive way, and the right plan is to give new strength to the muscular walls of the bowels, and stir up the liver to new life and work with *CASCARETS*, the great spring cleaner, disinfectant and bowel tonic. Get a 50c box to-day—a whole month's treatment—and see how quickly you will be

BROUGHT BACK TO NEW LIFE BY

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BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. 663

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address: STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Beginning May 5, "Decision of Character"—Text, Rev. iii, 14-16; Prov. iv, 23-27.

Indecision is a fatal defect when it becomes characteristic. It hinders flight while flight is the wise course and then flees when fighting is the only way of escape.

Vacillation is more than open opposition. Saul, the king of Israel, loses honor, crown and life from lack of firmness, while Saul of Tarsus gains imperishable renown, crown of martyrdom and eternal life, though he had been a most violent opponent of Christ. When halted in the wrong course, he had stamina of character which could make a radical change and when the right was found could hold it unswervingly to the end.

Moral integrity must sometimes wear the appearance of sternness. Nay, it must at times be severe in very fact. Suavity and courtesy and polite conventionalities of social intercourse have their proper place, but whoever surrenders conviction on a moral issue for the sake of ease or favor or yields his sense of duty at dictation or persuasion of another is perilously near to moral suicide. Rosewater and lavender are good in their place, but there are times and places when blood and iron are the indispensable requisites of healthy manhood.

Decision of character has many specious counterfeits, which must be rejected. Quickness in settling a question is often only nimbleness of wit and frequently indicates shallowness of judgment, yet it is quite occasionally mistaken by those who have it for the real coin. Solidity, stubbornness and even sheer stupidity have passed current as indicating decision of judgment when they are furthest removed from it. The more we see of the spurious the more admirable and valuable the genuine becomes.

The sense of security which comes to one who is able to definitely settle his purposes and adhere to them is of such high worth that it pays to use a great deal of effort to secure self control in this direction. The confidence which others can have in one who exhibits such qualities of mind insures friendship and abiding regard of those whose good opinion is worth having.

But if a person is not born that way how can he help himself? That is the very point in issue. How can we cultivate decision of character?

First of all, get some proper appreciation of its value until a wholesome desire to have the quality takes strong hold of you and you think of it often and long. Then study the way it appears in others until you can tell the true from the false and learn to admire the essential and disregard the incidental features of the power. After that it will not be difficult to discover your own failings and see in what particulars and under what circumstances the weaknesses of your own nature appear. In fact, these will thrust themselves into notice continually if one will only be as frank in criticising self as in remarking on flaws in other people. The real hard work then begins of training the powers out of weakness into firmness. Raw recruits do not become veterans in a day. Time, patience and persistent practice are necessary to bring the soul to the condition where it can efficiently and promptly respond to the demands of duty with decisive action.

The end is worth all the exertion needful. This process of development makes the soul trustworthy. To be where reliance can be placed on one is to be noble, whatever the lineage or past record. It is warrant of future achievements and satisfaction. It assures control of destiny and approbation of the Lord. It does much to secure perseverance to the end of the race.

By all means cultivate decision of character.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning May 5—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

Topic.—Decision of character.—Rev. iii, 14-16; Prov. iv, 23-27.

Decision is one of the most admirable and necessary traits of human character. It is defined as "the quality of being decided, prompt and fixed determination, unwavering firmness." This trait of character is essential to success and happiness in any sphere of life, but it is peculiarly so in the religious realm. Decision of character is absolutely essential to religion. One cannot believe and act in accordance with his beliefs who is not steadfast in his faith and unwaveringly firm in his life. Wavering is inconsistent with religion. It demands steadfastness, firmness and stability. Decision of character requires a fixed purpose and object in life. "Let thine eyes look right on, and let thine eyelids look straight before thee." That decision and firmness may be exercised in life we must have a definite point in life ahead of us toward which we are steering. A vessel upon the sea could not practice steadfastness unless it had a definite, fixed destination in view. No more can we upon the sea of life display this virtue unless we have a fixed point before us toward which our lives are moving. When it comes to life, this fixed point should be the will of God as revealed in Jesus Christ. The chief end of our lives should be to glorify God, and steadfastly and without wavering we should bend our lives toward that end. This has been the objective goal of the lives of the world's greatest men, and they have been most successful who have been most unfaltering in their pursuit of this end. "Ponder the path of thy feet and let all thy ways be established."

Decision of character demands the power to resist temptation. "Turn not to the right hand nor to the left; remove thy foot from evil." No man ever led a decided, determined life without opposition and without temptation. The strongest temptation is to turn aside, but decision of character is against turning aside as well as against turning back. However steadfast our characters, we will be tempted to waver, to turn aside and to turn back. Success therefore depends upon the power to resist temptation, and this power should be prayed for and cultivated. God can and will give us the power to stand firm and decided amid the fiercest temptation if we will depend upon Him and not trust in our own strength.

Indecision of character is injurious and punishable. It harms us among men, and God Himself will punish it. This is illustrated in the church at Laodicea. It was neither cold nor hot, neither decided for God nor decided against God, and therefore the Lord said, "I will spew thee out of My mouth." Let us believe in God, make the will of God the end of our existence and even amid the temptations of life be firm in faith and steadfast in action.

THE PRAYER MEETING.

Have a biographical meeting, with papers or addresses on the lives of men who have been conspicuous for decision of character.

BIBLE READINGS.

Ex. xxxii, 25, 26; Num. xiii, 25-33; Joshua xxiv, 15; Ruth i, 16-18; I Kings xviii, 21; Math. vi, 24; Luke xv, 17-20; Acts xxi, 8-14; I Cor. xv, 58; Jas. i, 5-8.

LAST OF THE SEASON.

Low Rates to Washington and Baltimore, via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The last ten-day Pennsylvania Railroad excursion of the season from Pittsburg and points in Western Pennsylvania to Washington will be run on May 9. Round-trip tickets will be sold at rates quoted below good going on special train indicated, or on train No. 4, leaving Pittsburg at 8.30 P. M., and carrying through sleeping cars to Washington. Special train of through parlor cars and coaches will be run on the following schedule:—

	Train leaves.		Rate.
Pittsburg	8.00	A. M.	$9 00
Altoona	11.40	"	8 70
Bellwood	f11.52	"	8 50
Bellefonte (via Tyrone)	9.53	"	8 25
Clearfield	9.28	"	9 00
Philipsburg	10.12	"	8 95
Osceola	10.23	"	8 85
Tyrone	12.03	P. M.	8 25
Huntingdon	12 35	"	7 65
Bedford	9.25	A. M.	8 50
Mount Union	f12.54	P. M.	7 30
Lewistown Junction	1.33	"	6 55
Mifflin	f1.50	"	6 20
Newport	f2 24	"	5 50
Duncannon	f2.44	"	5 20
Washington	Arrive 7.15	"	.....

"f" Stops only on notice to Agent.

Tickets will be good returning on any regular train, except the Pennsylvania Limited, until May 18, inclusive, and to stop off at Baltimore within limit.

Should the number of Passengers not be sufficient to warrant the running of a special train, the company reserves the right to carry participants on regular train.

Tickets on sale in Pittsburg at Union Ticket Office, 360 Fifth Avenue, and Union Station, and at all stations mentioned above. For full information apply to agents or Thos. E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg. 4-24-2t.

The least in quantity and most in quality describes DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous pills for constipation, and liver complaints. W. H. Spangler.

School Reports.

Following is the report of Lincoln school, Union township, for the last three months of the term:

FIFTH MONTH.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled	13	14	27
Average attendance	8	11	19
Per cent. of "	75	80	78

The following pupils missed no time during the month: Archie Dell, George Shoop, Willis Dell, Ada Querry, Edna Dell, Edith Dell, Blanche Querry, Rosie Querry, Edna Querry, Cora Shoop and Bertha Shoop.

SIXTH MONTH.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled	10	14	24
Average attendance	8	12	20
Per cent. of "	80	88	84

Present every day during the month were Archie Dell, Willis Dell, George Shoop, Edith Dell, Blanche Querry, Rosie Querry, Edna Querry, Cora Shoop and Bertha Shoop.

SEVENTH MONTH.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled	11	14	25
Average attendance	8	11	19
Per cent. of "	72	82	80

The following pupils missed no time during the month: Archie Dell, Frank Dell, Edith Dell, Rosie Querry, Edna Querry.

Rosie Querry and Edith Dell missed no time during the term.

LOUISA A. DELL, Teacher.

You are much more liable to disease when your liver and bowels do not act properly. DeWitt's Little Early Risers remove the cause of disease. W. H. Spangler.

The Clothing Store That Sells

UNION-MADE CLOTHING

OF ALL KINDS

FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN

Is HUGO MAYER'S GOLDEN EAGLE CLOTHING HALL

Also sole agents for the

Hamilton Carhartt Celebrated Union-Made Overclothes.

Cor. 4th & Penn Sts., Huntingdon, Pa.

$500 REWARD

We pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with

Liverita, The Up-to-Date Little Liver Pill

They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. Nervita Medical Co., Corner Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Illinois. Sold by

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Our Clothing Is Made at Home Now

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